	Case 1:19-cv-03110-TOR	ECF No. 180	filed 06/09/23	PageID.2041	Page 1 of 45
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8	FOR TH	E EASTERN I	DISTRICT OF	WASHINGIC	)N
9	COMMUNITY ASSOCIA RESTORATION OF THE	TION FOR	Case No. 1:	19-cv-3110-T	OR
10	ENVIRONMENT, INC., a Non-Profit Corporation; FI		[PROPOSE	ED] CONSENT	Γ DECREE
11	TOPPENISH CREEK, a W Profit Corporation,		n-		
12	and				
13	CENTER FOR FOOD SAI Washington D.C. Non-Pro				
14	Plaintiffs,	1			
15	ν.				
16	AUSTIN JACK DECOST	ER, an individ	ual,		
17	DECOSTER ENTERPRIS Delaware limited liability of				
18	AGRICULTURAL INVES	STMENT-FUN	1D		
19	II, a Delaware limited liabi IDAHO AGRI INVESTM	• • • •	an		
20	Idaho limited liability com	pany, IDAHO	*11		
	DAIRY HOLDINGS, LLC limited liability company, 1				
21	DAIRIES, LLC, an Idaho I	limited liability	ý		
22	company, WASHINGTON HOLDINGS, LLC, a Wasł		L		
23	liability company; WASHI	INGTON AGR			
	INVESTMENTS, LLC, a '	Washington			

1 limited liability company; DBD WASHINGTON, LLC, a Washington 2 limited liability company; and SMD, LLC, a Washington limited liability company, 3 Defendants.

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WHEREAS, Plaintiffs Community Association for Restoration of the Environment, Friends of Toppenish Creek, and Center for Food Safety (collectively "Plaintiffs") filed a Complaint on May 23, 2019, and a First Amended Complaint on November 8, 2021, in this Court seeking declaratory and injunctive relief, as well as attorney and expert witness fees and costs, against DBD Washington, LLC, SMD, LLC, Washington Dairy Holdings, LLC, Washington Agri Investments, LLC, Austin Jack DeCoster, DeCoster Enterprises, LLC, Agricultural Investment Fund-II, LLC, Idaho Agri Investments, LLC, Idaho Dairy Holdings, LLC, and Dry Creek Dairies, LLC (collectively "Defendants," "DBD," or the "Dairies"), alleging violations of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. § 6901 et seq. ("RCRA"). Plaintiffs' Complaint for alleged RCRA violations was brought under the citizen suit provisions of Section 7002 of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 6972(a)(1)(A) and (B);

WHEREAS, prior to filing their Complaints, Plaintiffs sent to Defendants Notices of Intent to Sue dated February 11, 2019, April 15, 2019, April 3, 2020, and 22 23 December 23, 2020, in which they stated their intent to assert claims that Defendants

have violated and continue to violate Section 7002(a) of RCRA by contributing to the past and present handling, storage, treatment, transportation, and/or disposal of solid and hazardous waste in such a manner that may present an imminent and substantial endangerment to health and the environment. 42 U.S.C. § 6972(a);

WHEREAS, Plaintiffs further assert that Defendants employ, and have employed, improper manure management practices that constitute the "open dumping" of solid waste in violation of Section 4005(a) of RCRA. 42 U.S.C. § 6945(a);

WHEREAS, DBD Washington, LLC and SMD, LLC, Washington Agri Investments, LLC, and Washington Dairy Holdings, LLC are registered as limited liability companies in the State of Washington; Dry Creek Dairy, Idaho Dairy Holdings, LLC, and Idaho Agri Investments, LLC, are registered as limited liability companies in the State of Washington; DeCoster Enterprises, LLC and Agricultural Investment Fund-II, LLC are registered Delaware limited liability companies. These Defendants, along with Austin Jack DeCoster, collectively own and operate the dairies known as "DBD Washington," "SMD," and the "Heifer Ranch." DBD Washington is located at or near 5111 Van Belle Road in Outlook, Washington; SMD is located at or near 211 Nichols Road in Outlook, Washington; and the "Heifer Ranch" is located across from SMD on the south side of Outlook Road;

WHEREAS, Defendants deny all claims, including that they violated and

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continue to violate Section 7002(a) of RCRA by contributing to the past and present handling, storage, treatment, transportation, and/or disposal of solid and hazardous waste in such a manner that may present an imminent and substantial endangerment to health and the environment. 42 U.S.C. § 6972(a).

WHEREAS, Defendants further deny that they employ, and have employed, improper manure management practices that constitute the "open dumping" of solid waste in violation of Section 4005(a) of RCRA. 42 U.S.C. § 6945(a); Defendants DBD and SMD further allege that they have at all times relevant to this matter held Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation Permits, and that all conduct during the relevant time frames has been subject to oversight, regulation and enforcement of such Permits by the Washington State Department of Ecology.

WHEREAS, after consultation with their respective counsel, Plaintiffs and Defendants (collectively the "Parties") hereby wish to settle this lawsuit to avoid the risks of further litigation and appeal and to resolve the controversy between them; and

WHEREAS, the Parties acknowledge that this Consent Decree has been negotiated by the Parties in good faith and will avoid further litigation, and the Court, in entering this Consent Decree, finds that this Decree is fair, reasonable, and in the public interest.

NOW, THEREFORE, without the admission of any issue of fact or law

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except as provided in General Provisions, and upon consideration of the mutual promises contained herein, it is **ADJUDGED**, **ORDERED**, **AND DECREED** as follows:

#### **GENERAL PROVISIONS**

1. This Court has jurisdiction over the Parties and the subject matter of this lawsuit pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 6972(a) and 28 U.S.C. § 1331. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 6972(a) and 28 U.S.C. § 13912(b). This Court shall have continuing jurisdiction over this lawsuit for the purposes of interpretation, enforcement, and, if necessary, modification of this Consent Decree.

2. The undersigned representative for each Party certifies that he/she is fully authorized by the Party whom he/she represents to enter into the terms and conditions of this Consent Decree and to legally bind the Party to it.

3. The terms "Dairies' Facilities" and/or "Dairies" shall refer to the facilities commonly known as DBD, SMD, and the "Heifer Ranch," as depicted on the maps attached hereto as Exhibit 1, and such property that may be acquired as part of Dairy Operations (defined below). These operations are collectively referred to herein as "DBD."

4. The term "Dairy Operations" includes all aspects of the commercial
 production of milk from cows, including but not limited to the related operations of
 heifer raising, compost, manure management, manure application, manure storage in

lagoons and catch basins, the production and storage of silage and other animal feed materials, and the production of agricultural commodities that use manure products from the foregoing aspects of the commercial production of milk from cows.

5. The Dairy Operations are operated jointly and constitute a large Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation (CAFO) under state and federal law.

6. This Consent Decree shall apply to and be binding upon the Parties to 7 this lawsuit and upon all successors and assigns of the Parties until termination. This 8 9 provision is intended to require compliance with this Consent Decree so long as any 10 portion of the Dairies is used by any person or entity in the course of conducting 11 Dairy Operations or any other CAFO operation or manure processing or treatment 12 facility. However, nothing herein shall prevent Defendants from discontinuing any 13 or all Dairy Operations (whether independently or together) or from transferring any 14 15 of the Dairies' Facilities to other owners for uses other than for CAFO Operations; 16 this Consent Decree shall no longer apply to real property that is not being used for 17 CAFO Operations or other agriculturally-related operations that involve the treatment 18 and/or storage of manure. DBD, or any of their successors or assigns, may sell the 19 Dairies' Facilities, or any of the real property upon which the Dairies or their 20 operations may currently be conducted, without Plaintiffs' consent and without 21 approval of the Court; provided, however, that DBD provide a copy of the Consent 22 23 Decree to the new owner and provide written notice to Plaintiffs of the sale within

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thirty (30) days of closing. 1

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This Consent Decree constitutes the final, complete, and exclusive 7. agreement and understanding of the Parties with respect to the settlement embodied in this Consent Decree and the subject matter of this lawsuit. The Parties hereby acknowledge that there are no representations or understandings relating to the awsuit or its settlement other than those expressly contained within this Consent Decree. This Consent Decree expressly supersedes, extinguishes, and replaces all prior stipulations and agreements between the Parties.

8. This Consent Decree may not be modified in any material respect except by explicit written agreement of the Parties that is approved by the Court. Non-material modifications may be made by the Parties upon written consent.

9. This Consent Decree constitutes the full and complete settlement of all 14 claims, rights, demands, and causes of action of any kind, alleged or unalleged, 16 known or unknown, relating to DBD's Dairy Operations, through the date of entry of the Consent Decree, that Plaintiffs asserted or could have asserted against DBD in this lawsuit. Plaintiffs hereby release all such claims and covenant not to sue DBD in connection with them. This covenant not to sue in no way releases DBD from compliance with this Consent Decree or future compliance with other applicable law. Furthermore, this covenant not to sue shall in no way limit Plaintiffs' ability to enforce the terms of this Consent Decree or any future violations of law committed 1 by DBD.

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10. Each Party acknowledges and represents that it has relied on the legal advice of its attorneys, all listed at the end of the Consent Decree, who are the attorneys of its own choice, and that the terms of this Consent Decree have been completely explained to the Party by its attorney(s), and that the terms are fully understood and voluntarily accepted.

11. In the event that any part of this Consent Decree is deemed by a court of competent jurisdiction to be unlawful, void, or for any reason unenforceable, and if that part is severable from the remainder of the Consent Decree without frustrating its essential purpose or imposing an inequitable result on any party, then the remaining parts of the Consent Decree shall remain valid, binding, and enforceable.

12. If for any reason the Court should decline to approve this Consent Decree in the form presented, then the Parties agree to continue negotiations in good faith in an attempt to cure the objection(s) raised by the Court to entry of this Consent Decree.

- 13. This Consent Decree may be signed in counterparts, and such
   counterpart signature page shall be given full force and effect.
- 14. The Dairies meet the federal and state law definitions of a large
   concentrated animal feeding operation or "CAFO." 40 CFR § 122.23. In operating
   the Dairy Facilities, DBD shall abide by this Consent Decree, their combined CAFO

permit, Dairy Nutrient Management Plans ("DNMP"), and the Washington Dairy Nutrient Management Act, RCW 90.64, *et seq.* If any of the terms of this Consent Decree are stricter than the aforementioned laws, then the terms of this Consent Decree shall control. If any of these laws are stricter than the terms of the Consent Decree, either now or in the future, such stricter laws shall apply. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Parties agree that nothing in this Consent Decree may be construed to obligate DBD to violate any law or regulation. In the event of any perceived conflict, the Parties agree to submit the matter to the dispute resolution process described in Paragraph 59.

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#### **LAGOONS**

15. Defendants hereby agree to either double-line or abandon DBD Lagoon Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, SMD Lagoon No. 3, and any new lagoons constructed on the property. DBD agrees that all lined lagoons under this Consent Decree must use a drain liner that meets GRI – GM13 Standard Specification (e.g., AGRU "Drain Liner") overlain by a 60-mil textured HDPE liner, with incorporated leak detection, as described in Exhibit 2. DBD agrees that lagoons to be abandoned shall strictly comply with the lagoon decommissioning specifications detailed in Paragraph 20.

16. DBD Lagoon No. 5 and SMD Lagoon No. 3 are currently empty with
 manure liquid and solids removed and will remain empty until lined. DBD shall line
 DBD Lagoon No. 5 and SMD Lagoon No. 3, with such lining to be completed no

1 later than 6/30/24.

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17. DBD Lagoon Nos. 1, 2, and 4 are currently utilized for manure storage. DBD Lagoons 1 and 2 will be emptied with solids removed by 8/1/2023. DBD Lagoon 4 will continue to be used until Lagoon 5's lining has been completed and put into service. Lagoon 4 shall be emptied and solids removed no later than 9/30/2024. Following the removal of its contents, DBD Lagoons 2 and 4 shall remain empty until lined or abandoned pursuant to Paras. 15, 18 and 19. DBD shall crop DBD Lagoons 1, 2, and 4 with Triticale or Alfalfa, with no nutrient addition, and DBD shall take reasonable measures to timely remove accumulations of rainwater or runoff. DBD Lagoon 1 will be closed no later than December 31, 2025.

18. DBD Lagoon No. 3 is currently empty with manure liquid and solids 13 emoved and shall remain empty until lined or abandoned. DBD shall crop DBD 14 15 Lagoon 3 and plant with Triticale or Alfalfa, with no nutrient addition, in 2023. DBD 16 shall take responsible measures to timely remove accumulations of rainwater or 17 runoff. DBD Lagoon 3 shall remain empty until lined or abandoned pursuant to 18 Paragraphs 15, 18 and 19. At DBD's option, Lagoon 3 may be combined with Lagoon 19 2 prior to any lining. All further decisions on lining, including those of Lagoon Nos. 20 2, 3 and 4, shall take into account whether the enzyme or oxygenation treatments, or 21 both, used in the Pilot Projects shall be applied to those specific areas. No enzyme or 22 23 oxygenation treatment shall be required if: 1) the average composite samples from

seven (7) borings in the soils above the water table do not exceed 45 ppm nitrate plus 1 2 ammonium and ground water downgradient from the lagoon does not exceed 10 ppm 3 nitrate plus ammonia or 1 ppm nitrite; 2) the soils exceeding 45 ppm nitrate plus 4 ammonium are excavated and land applied properly; or 3) if the cropping removes 5 the excess of 45 ppm nitrate plus ammonium. Upon completion of the Remediation 6 investigation, the Parties shall confer about whether excavation, pump and treat, 7 enzymatic treatment, oxygenation treatment, or some combination thereof, or no 8 9 further action, are best suited for each area.

19. Prior to lining, all liquids and organic solids shall be removed from the lagoons. Following removal of manure liquids and solids from the lagoons all lagoons being cropped will be irrigated with the enzyme technology.

#### Lagoon Decommissioning

20. All Lagoon abandonment projects and closures shall be completed according to all the following terms:

 a) Lagoon Closure – Permanent Decommissioning requirements of Section S4.B.1.f of the January 18, 2017, CAFO General Permit (combined), which is also S4.C.4.E. of the January 6, 2023, permit, issued by the Washington State Department of Ecology, or whatever more stringent protocol may be in place at the time;

b) Guidance provided by NRCS Conservation Practice Standard

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*360 – Waste Facility Closure (NRCS, WA September 2018* or other guidance then in effect);

c) Conduct topographic surveys extending to a minimum of 50 feet
beyond the edge of each lagoon, or to adjacent roads or lagoons,
whichever is closest, and containing the location of existing
utilities;

d) Removal of all liquids and organic solids from the lagoons;

- e) Following removal of liquids and solids from the lagoons, DBD shall remove material from floor of the lagoon until undisturbed ("pre-construction") soils are encountered. The decommissioned lagoons shall be cropped with the purpose of extracting excess soil nutrients while the parties conduct the pilot studies contemplated by Paras.21-23, below;
  - f) All piping infrastructure to and from abandoned lagoons shall be removed or, if not practicable, cut and capped in place.

21. All information collected and analyzed pursuant to Paragraph 20 shall be provided to Plaintiffs contemporaneously with receipt by DBD, but in no case more than five (5) business days from receipt by DBD.

#### Groundwater Pilot Programs

22. The Parties have jointly devised a focused Pilot Program to determine

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the feasibility and efficacy of their respective visions for potential remediation of the 1 2 excess nitrate and ammonium contamination of the soil and groundwater beneath the 3 Dairy lagoons, excluding DBD Lagoon 5 and SMD Lagoon 3, each of which shall be 4 double-lined. Plaintiffs envision oxidating the variable levels of ammonium in the 5 soil profile in order to transform it into nitrate, speeding up leaching it into the aquifer, 6 and then pumping it out as irrigation water. DBD envisions an enzyme/electrokenetic 7 trial that may reduce or eliminate nitrate altogether. Plaintiffs have prepared a 8 9 Remediation Investigation Plan (RI) that is attached hereto as Exhibit 3. DBD agrees 10 to allow and cooperate with the provisions of the RI, subject to the following 11 limitations: 1) the RI will not begin unless first permitted and authorized by 12 Department of Ecology. The parties shall have one hundred-eighty (180) days from 13 the entry of this Consent Decree to complete the RI; 2) the RI cost for Plaintiffs' work 14 15 as outlined in the RI, to be paid by Defendants, shall not exceed \$80,000; and 3) the 16 parties shall provide each other all the data, field notes, and analyses collected under 17 the RI within thirty (30) days of receipt of such information, but in no case no later 18 than 9/30/23 (unless delays contemplated by this Decree occur). Defendants shall 19 provide all data collected during investigation or sampling activities at the Dairies. 20

21 23. Each Party's Pilot Program shall be conducted during 2023 through
 22 2025 with the expectation that the Pilot Programs may be able to be completed by the
 23 end of 2024. DBD shall pay for Plaintiffs' implementation of its proposed Pilot

Project. Plaintiffs shall undertake no Pilot Program activities, including no activities 1 2 contemplated under the RI, unless first authorized and permitted by the Department 3 of Ecology. Plaintiffs' representatives may visit their pilot area as often as reasonably 4 necessary, provided that: Plaintiffs shall provide twenty-four (24) hours' notice 5 before visiting their respective pilot area, including the names of the visitors and the 6 approximate hours of visitation. No agents of Plaintiffs shall remain on the Dairy 7 Facility before 8:00 a.m. or after 5:00 p.m., or on weekends, without the advance 8 9 written permission from DBD. All costs for Plaintiffs' pilot program, separate from 10 the RI, shall not exceed \$220,000 at DBD or SMD, such sum to be paid by 11 Defendants. The Parties shall exchange the results of their respective Pilot Programs 12 within ninety (90) days of completion, but in no case later than 12/31/2025. DBD 13 shall additionally submit a report no later than such date analyzing the results of its 14 15 other control, containment, and retrieval methods, including but not limited to its 16 cropping of empty lagoons and its efforts to uptake ammonium through cropping.

After exchanging the results of their respective Pilot Programs, the
Parties shall confer in good faith for a period of no more than ninety (90) days, as
implementation of possible results of the Pilot Program may lead to earlier
remediation of the ongoing contamination, about whether either Pilot Program should
be utilized at the Dairies' Facilities to remediate the nitrate and ammonium
contamination of the soils and groundwater underlying the Dairies' lagoon footprints.

If the Parties are unable to agree, then the Parties shall submit their dispute to a neutral arbitrator for resolution. Should the Parties be unable to agree on a willing and 3 available arbitrator within such ninety (90) days, they shall apply to the Court to 4 appoint one. DBD shall pay the fees of the arbitrator. In evaluating the Parties' proposals, the Parties request that the arbitrator base their decision on the scientific results achieved by the respective Pilot Programs, the nitrogen levels still remaining beneath the respective footprints of the lagoons, and the relative costs of the proposed 8 9 remediation. The mediator shall have discretion to award fees to Plaintiffs if they are 10 the substantially prevailing party on any arbitrated issues. Should the Pilot Programs be delayed for good cause (such as permitting delays), the dates for lagoon lining and 12 reporting may be adjusted by the Parties as minor modifications to this Consent Decree without approval of the Court. 14

# **GROUNDWATER MONITORING**

DBD has installed thirteen (13) groundwater monitoring wells at 25. ocations generally depicted on the map attached hereto as Exhibit 4. Additional RI wells shall be installed by DBD under Plaintiffs' oversight. DBD shall monitor these wells on the same schedule until the Pilot Project is complete. Plaintiffs shall take a complete round of samples of all wells upon installation of the additional RI wells, which will count toward one of the quarterly samples noted below. The Dairies shall quarterly sample and analyze the wells within the Monitoring Well Network on the

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following schedule: June, September, December, and March. Following the first
eight quarterly samples, sampling at the Monitoring Well Network shall occur on a
semi-annual basis (twice per year; June and December) until four consecutive testing
events show the average nitrate concentration in each well, calculated from the prior
four sampling events from each well, is below the Maximum Contaminant Levels
(MCL) of 10 ppm nitrate and 1 ppm nitrite. For purposes of the nitrate MCL number,
"initrate" shall include nitrate and ammonia together.

26. The quarterly sampling for the Monitoring Well Network includes solely the parameters identified below:

# Laboratory Parameters

- Nitrate (as nitrogen) by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
   Method 300.0
- Nitrite (as nitrogen) by EPA Method 300.0
- Chloride by EPA Method 300.0

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- Ammonia (as nitrogen) by EPA Method 350.1 or Standard Method 4500-NH3 G (methods are equivalent)
- Total phosphorus by EPA Method 365.1 or Standard Method 4500-P E (methods are equivalent)
- Total Kjeldahl nitrogen by EPA Method 351.2 or Standard Method 4500-Norg C using colorimetric detection (methods are equivalent)

# Field Parameters

 pH, dissolved oxygen, groundwater elevation, oxidation reduction potential, specific conductivity (using a field meter to determine when water is ready to be sampled).

27. DBD agrees to provide to Plaintiffs, in electronic form, the laboratory results of each groundwater sampling event within fifteen (15) days of the date DBD receives the results. Results from the Dairies' selected, certified laboratory shall be the official results for determining compliance with the Consent Decree, unless a sampling or laboratory error makes the results inaccurate. In the event that the Dairies choose to use a different laboratory for monitoring well data capture, the Dairies shall so notify Plaintiffs. So long as the Dairies' selected laboratory is certified by the State of Washington Department of Ecology, Plaintiffs shall not unreasonably withhold agreement for DBD to change laboratories.

#### MANURE APPLICATION AND FIELD MANAGEMENT

28. The provisions of this Section shall apply only to Application Fields owned, leased, or otherwise controlled by Defendants, including any Application Fields Defendants own, lease, or otherwise control after the Effective Date and during the term of this Decree. All such Application Fields owned, leased, or otherwise controlled by Defendants shall be addressed in Defendants' DNMP.

29. For purposes of this Decree, Defendants shall be deemed to "control" an

Application Field to which manure is applied when (a) the manure is applied by Defendants' employees or Defendants' contractors using Defendants' or Defendants' contractor's trucks or application equipment; (b) when the amounts/rates of application are not dictated by the recipient; and (c) when Defendants are not meaningfully compensated for such manure. For purposes of this subparagraph, reimbursement for fuel costs is not considered meaningful compensation.

30. With respect to nitrogen, Defendants shall adhere to the following beginning in the Fall of 2023:

a. Defendant shall make nitrogen applications at or below agronomic rates based on Application Field-specific nutrient management budgets prepared by an agronomist.

b. No later than January 31, 2025, Defendants shall have their agronomist conduct a retroactive review of their agronomic rate calculations and field nutrient performance data for crop years 2022-2024 and document that review in a report ("Agronomic Rate Report"). This review shall assess whether, taken as a whole, the agronomic rate calculations have adequately projected nutrient utilization within the bounds of good agronomic practice with the parallel goal of minimizing leaching potential to groundwater.

c. Defendants' agronomist's review of nutrient utilization shall

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include the mineralization of residual soil nitrogen, the availability of nitrogen from applied manure, the extraction of nitrogen by crops and the status and trends of residual nitrogen in the Application Fields.

d. In the event that Defendants' management of manure in crop years 2022-2024 has followed its agronomist's recommendations based on agronomic rate calculations, evidence requiring adjustments to the agronomic rate calculations shall include excessive amounts of residual soil nitrogen (greater than 15 ppm) occurring consistently in some application fields or failure to reach 15 ppm in twenty-five percent (25%) or more of Defendants' Application Fields.

e. Defendants shall submit to Plaintiffs in accordance with the Notice provisions in Paragraph 62 a draft of the Agronomic Rate Report for Plaintiffs' review and comment no later than April 30, 2025. Defendants shall consider any comments Plaintiffs submit to Defendants on the draft Agronomic Rate Report if Plaintiffs deliver such comments to Defendants in accordance with the Notice provisions in Paragraph 62 no later than forty-five (45) calendar days after Defendants provide Plaintiffs with the draft Agronomic Rate Report. Defendants shall finalize the Agronomic Rate Report no later than July 30, 2025, and send a copy to Plaintiffs upon completion. If the conclusions of the finalized Agronomic Rate Report indicate a need to adjust the agronomic rate calculation assumptions, such conclusions shall be implemented by Defendants beginning with crop year

1 2026 summer crop and through the termination of this Decree.

Defendants shall restrict their manure application in the manner

described in the following Table 1:

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Table 1. Manure	Application	Restrictions	for Nitrogen	Control
I dole It Hiddial e	-ppmeasion	reserrenoms	Tor T the open	Control

U							
6 Fall			trogen Application Restrictions		Split Application		
0	Average	Based on Measured Fall Average Residual				Schedule for Manure	
7	Residual	Soil Nitrogen Levels				y Irrigation	
	N in	(NH <sub>4</sub> -N+NO <sub>3</sub> -N)			. –	Year 2025+	
8	Upper 2					ly)	
9	feet	Crop	Crop	Crop	Crop	Portion of	Portion of
9	(NH	Year	Year	Year	Year	winter crop	winter crop
10	4-N+NO3-	2024	2025	2026	2027+	application	application
	<b>N</b> )	(Fall	(Fall	(Fall	(Fall	made in	made in
11		2023)	2024)	2025)	2026)	fall	spring
10						(Oct-T200)	(After
12							T200)
13	$\leq$ 15 mg	100% of	100% of	100% of	100% of	$\leq 100\%$	Balance
ļ	N/kg	agr. rate	agr.	agr.	agr.		
14	15.1-25	100% of	100% of	95% of	90% of	$\leq 66\%$	Balance
1.7	mg N/kg	agr. rate	agr. rate	agr. rate	agr. rate		
15	25.1-35	95% of	85% of	80% of	75% of	<u>≤33%</u>	Balance
16	mg N/kg	agr. rate	agr. rate	agr. rate	agr. rate		
10	35.1-45	90% of	80% of	70% of	60% of	0%	Balance
17	mg N/kg	agr. rate	agr. rate	agr. rate	agr. rate		
1.0	>45 mg	No appl.	No appl.	No appl.	No appl.		—
18	N/kg						
10	g. For purposes of interpreting Table 1:						

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i. Nitrogen agronomic rate limitation shall apply to both the winter and summer crop, unless follow-up soil nitrogen measurements fall into a lower category, or crop tissue (basal stem and leaf sampling) measurements show a deficiency in the crop tissue for nitrogen.

[PROPOSED] CONSENT DECREE

ii. For crop year 2025 and thereafter, winter manure applications will be split into a fall and early spring application as indicated in Table
1 for fields to which manure is applied by irrigation.

iii. If a given Application Field exceeds 25 mg N/kg for three
(3) years in a row after crop year 2025, then Defendants shall reduce the application
limit for that field from 75% to 50% until the nitrogen level drops below 15 mg
N/kg.

iv. If a given Application Field exceeds 35 mg N/kg for two
(2) years in a row after crop year 2025, then Defendants shall apply no manure to that field until the nitrogen level drops below 15 mg N/kg.

h. Nitrogen levels used to determine compliance with Table 1 shall be measured by the average of nitrate-nitrogen plus ammonium-nitrogen in each of the top two feet of the soil column based on Fall post-harvest sampling results.

i. Agronomic rate adjustments shown in Table 1 shall be applied after completing the standard agronomic rate calculation. For example, if a standard agronomic rate calculation indicates a need for 2.0 million gallons of manure, and if the restricted rate in Table 1 is "90 percent of agronomic rate", then the maximum manure application for that Application Field will be 1.8 million gallons (2.0 million gallons x 90% = 1.8 million gallons).

j. For the Application Fields to which Defendants apply manure via

irrigation or blending, Defendants shall split the winter manure application into a fall and early spring application. The amount of the split shall be adjusted based on Fall residual soil nitrogen level as indicated in Table 1 for crop year 2025 and beyond.

31. With respect to phosphorus, Defendants shall adhere to the following beginning on the Effective Date: 7

Defendants shall measure available phosphorus at the 0-1-foot a. and 1-2-foot levels in its Application Fields in parallel with fall soil nitrogen testing.

b. Defendants shall maintain their Application Fields in the lowrisk category as measured using the current NRCS approved phosphorus index procedures.

Defendants shall maintain phosphorus levels in its feed ration at c. a level less than 0.4% phosphorus measured on a total ration dry matter basis.

d. Defendants shall continue physical manure solids separation for enhanced solids recovery, as well as composting and exports to reduce on-Dairy applications of manure and wastewater.

32. With respect to phosphorus, in addition to the requirements in 20 Paragraph 31 above, and beginning in the crop season that commences after 21 Defendants' Fall 2026 post-harvest sampling, Defendants shall restrict their manure 22 23 application in the manner described in the following Table 2:

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#### Table 2. Manure Application Restrictions for Phosphorus Control

Fall Average Available P in	Total annual application
Upper 2 feet	based on P
(mg Olsen P/kg)	(Crop Year 2027+)
< 40 mg P/kg	Control for N
41-100 mg P/kg	90% of crop extraction
101-180 mg P/kg	80% of crop extraction
181-300 mg P/kg	25% of crop extraction
> 300 mg P/kg	No application

a. Defendants shall apply the requirements in Table 2 to each of their Application Fields based on the average fall post-harvest measurements of available phosphorus measured in the top 2 feet of the soil column in each Application Field.

b. Defendants shall adhere to the requirements in Table 2 during the crop year following the Fall compliance measurements or until resampling has shown that the requirements in Table 2 are no longer required (e.g., an Application Field measuring 45 ppm P in fall is retested in spring and measures 38 ppm P).

c. Based on the Fall available phosphorus measurements, the requirements in Table 2 shall be implemented and followed for the duration of the Consent Decree.

d. For purposes of Table 2, phosphorus extraction rate limitation
 shall apply to the full crop year, unless follow-up soil available phosphorus
 measurements fall into a lower category.

e. The annual limits on phosphorus application listed in Table 2 are expressed as a function of the estimated annual phosphorus extraction rate of the crops (extraction rate = tons crop/acre x P content/ton crop) grown on each field during the crop year. The annual application amount will be based on the fall available P levels and will be split in most cases into multiple applications, with the total annual amount applied limited to the Table 2 values.

33. Defendants shall implement a soil moisture monitoring program at the Application Fields in accordance with the following requirements:

a. For purposes of this paragraph, a "Soil Moisture Monitoring Period" begins two weeks prior to Defendants' first irrigation or manure application event in each Application Field through at least two weeks after Defendants' final irrigation or manure application event in each field. During most years, the Soil Moisture Monitoring Period will extend from mid-March through early November.

b. During the Soil Moisture Monitoring Periods in 2023, 2024 and 2025 (the "Three Year Test Period"), Defendants shall install and operate a set of irrigation sensors to monitor soil moisture levels in eight (8) representative Application Fields as illustrated in Exhibits 5a-b. For Application Fields that contain soils with significantly different nitrate leaching potential or water holding capacity, as indicated by the Natural Resources Conservation Service ("NRCS"), Defendants shall deploy and operate soil moisture sensors in each of two representative soil

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series. The locations of the soil moisture sensors are shown on the maps attached hereto as Exhibit 6.

c. Defendants shall install sensors in each location at the following three approximate depths (variable by +/- two inches): 0.5-foot, 1.5-feet and 2.5feet. If rocky or indurated soil properties in any location preclude effective placement of the 2.5-foot sensor after three independent boring attempts, Defendants shall not be required to install the 2.5-foot sensor in that location(s), but shall document for each of those location(s) the total depth of soil to the point of boring refusal.

d. To verify field capacity estimates, Defendants shall calibrate sensors at the time of installation using a gravimetric sample approach where soil water is measured on a weight basis. Soil bulk density measurements used in calibration shall be confirmed for each sensor location at each depth. Calibration shall be reported in the first Annual Report (described in Paragraph 33(h)) along with Application Field capacity estimates for each monitoring location at each depth.

e. Defendants shall calibrate any replacement sensors in a similar manner as in Paragraph 33(d), and these calibrations shall be reported in the Annual Report (described in Paragraph 33(h)) for the year in which the sensors were replaced. Defendants shall have at least two (2) replacement sensors available at the Dairy in case of failure of installed sensors.

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f. Defendants shall use best efforts to maintain the sensors in an operational condition throughout the Soil Moisture Monitoring Period. Defendants shall implement necessary maintenance, repairs or replacement of the sensors with the goal of minimizing operational down-times to twenty-one (21) days for the two shallowest depths and fifteen (15) days for the sensors at 2.5 feet.

g. During the Three-Year Test Period, Defendants shall use the soil moisture sensors to validate and, if necessary, adjust its irrigation rates to meet crop needs while minimizing exceedances of Application Field capacity in the 2.5-feet soil level as follows:

i. Defendants shall obtain weekly irrigation needs estimates from an agronomist using the Evapotranspiration method.

ii. Defendants shall irrigate their Application Fields consistent with the recommended values unless soil moisture sensors indicate an exceedance of field capacity at the 2.5-feet level.

iii. If soil sensors from the prior week indicate exceedances of Application Field capacity at the 2.5-feet level, Defendants shall adjust the recommendation for future irrigation rates downward from what would otherwise be provided using the Evapotranspiration method, with the goal of decreasing and maintaining soil moisture levels below field capacity at the 2.5 feet level. Defendants shall track both the original and any adjusted recommendations on a weekly basis

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throughout the Three-Year Test Period.

iv. For the first two fields with an irrigation-related exceedance of Application Field capacity at the 2.5 feet level during the Three-Year Test Period, Defendants' Fall soil monitoring shall include a one-time sampling on each such Application Field that shall extend to the 5-feet depth in that Application Field (or to the depth of refusal). For each sample, Defendants shall analyze at 3 feet, 4 feet, and 5 feet for ammonia-N and nitrate-N and Olsen P. The resulting sampling data shall be provided to Plaintiffs consistent with the Notice provisions.

h. No later than February 28 in the year after the end of each Soil Moisture Monitoring Period during the Three-Year Test Period (i.e., for the 2023 Soil Moisture Monitoring Period, this date would fall on February 28, 2024), Defendants shall provide Plaintiffs pursuant to the Notice provisions in Paragraph 62 with an Annual Report containing Defendants' initial and adjusted weekly recommendations and the monitoring data for each soil moisture sensor in tabular format. Monitoring data provided for each sensor location shall consist of a complete digital file (.xlsx, .xls, or .csv) and a graphical readout showing measured moisture levels for the 0.5-foot, 1.5-feet and 2.5-feet sensors throughout each Soil Moisture Monitoring Period, with notes summarizing any encountered sensor performance issues, any completed repairs, and notes documenting the dates, amounts, and rates (gallons/acre) of irrigation water and manure applications in the Application Field

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where the sensor is located. Defendants shall also provide in the Annual Report local daily precipitation data for the year using publicly-available weather data from the nearest reliable weather station.

i. If during the 2025 Soil Moisture Monitoring Period the moisture sensor readings show a pattern of ongoing irrigation-related exceedances of field capacity at the 2.5-feet depth (i.e., three or more exceedances, not counting exceedances immediately following precipitation events), then Defendants shall maintain moisture sensors in the Application Field where such sensor exceedances were reported until no more than one (1) exceedance is recorded in that field during the Soil Moisture Monitoring Period.

34. Beginning on the Effective Date, Defendants shall for the duration of this Decree maintain application records of (a) any manure it hauls to and applies to an Application Field; and (b) any manure it applies to Application Fields through irrigation or blending. Such records shall include the Application Field ID; the manure quantity (volume); characteristics (blended or straight); date of application; and a link to the manure nutrient testing information. Defendants shall keep separate application records in the event they conduct multiple applications on different days.

35. No later than January 31 of each year beginning in 2024 and for each year for the duration of the Consent Decree, Defendants shall provide to Plaintiffs PDF copies of manure management records for the prior crop year via electronic

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mail (at the addresses listed in Paragraph 62). Records that Defendants shall provide pursuant to this paragraph are listed in Exhibit 7.

36. Any manure management records routinely generated by Defendants in compliance with its CAFO permit and similar regulatory requirements shall be kept on-site at the Dairy for five (5) years from the date of generation. No more than once per calendar year, Plaintiffs shall have the right to request access to conduct an on-site review of the manure management records for which they have not been provided copies pursuant to Paragraph 35.

37. Defendants shall use flow meters on all Application Fields to which they apply lagoon water through irrigation or blending.

#### **UNDERGROUND CONVEYANCE INSPECTION**

38. No later than December 31, 2024, DBD shall inspect the wastewater and manure lines being utilized between the sump, settling basins, milking parlors and the lagoons at the Dairies as attached hereto as Exhibit 8. If the inspection shows that repairs need to be made in any of those lines, Defendants shall make the necessary repairs, which could include cutting and permanently capping such lines, no later than December 31, 2024.

39. Inspection and any required repair work shall be performed by an experienced and qualified contractor.

40. For gravity draining lines, the following equipment shall be used:

- Lines 6-inch or greater jet and "crawler" camera
- Lines less than 6-inch use a push camera.

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41. Once inspection and any required repairs are completed, Defendants shall submit to Plaintiffs a written description of the activities Defendants undertook pursuant to Paras. 41-43, which shall include documentation of the lines inspected and the exact location(s) of any repair(s) made.

### SILAGE AREA

42. DBD shall store all silage harvested in 2023 or after on asphalt or concrete pads at all times throughout the duration of the Consent Decree. DBD shall ensure that the silage pads are sloped to drain to a lined collection sump.

#### SITE DRAINAGE

43. DBD agrees to complete a Stormwater budget and Site Drainage Plan for SMD, the Nichols and Van Belle containment pens, and the Heifer Ranch facilities by no later than 6/30/24, and shall complete the site drainage improvements no later than 6/30/25, which shall include at least one lined lagoon at the heifer ranch to capture all site runoff.

44. DBD shall provide to Plaintiffs copies of the site improvement plans
 for each facility within fifteen (15) days of completion. Plaintiffs shall have forty five (45) days to review and provide comments on the drainage plans. DBD shall
 incorporate Plaintiffs reasonable comments into the improvement plans. Any

disagreements shall be subject to the Paragraph 59 Dispute Resolution process.

#### **COMPOST AREAS**

45. Defendants shall compost manure only on the compost area (the Area"), attached hereto as Exhibit 9.

46. No later than December 31, 2023, DBD shall complete the following elements:

a) Survey the Area topography to 1-foot vertical contours.

b) Design a grading plan to provide and maintain a two (2) percent average slope for drainage over the Area with no negative slopes measured on a 10-foot distance and route stormwater and other liquids to specific collection locations such as ditches, swales, and/or sumps. The Parties acknowledge and agree that maintenance of windrows and normal operations may over time impact the slope in isolated points. Defendants nevertheless commit to the normal and customary maintenance of such area, and to timely identify and eliminate, as weather and conditions allow, any instances where the slope is lost and water is allowed to pond.

c) Collect five (5) bulk samples of soil from random locations within the Area for laboratory analysis. Samples will be

collected from the 0- to 12-inch depth interval below the final grade surface based on the grading plan. Final grade, and samples, shall be of native soils only.

- d) Samples will be analyzed for: (1) particle size by ASTM D6913 Standard Test Methods for Particle-Size Distribution (Gradation) of Soils Using Sieve Analysis and ASTM D 7928 – Standard Test Method for Particle-Size Distribution (Gradation) of Fine-Grained Soils Using the Sedimentation (Hydrometer) Analysis and; (2) compaction characteristics ("Proctor") by ASTM D1557 – Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Modified Effort (56,000 ft-lbf/ft3 (2,700 kN-m/m3)).
- e) Following analysis, the five samples will be remolded and compacted to 95 percent of standard Proctor; the remolded samples will be analyzed for hydraulic conductivity by ASTM D5084 Standard Test Methods for Measurement of Hydraulic Conductivity of Saturated Porous Materials Using a Flexible Wall Permeameter to determine if the soils achieve a permeability of less than 1×10<sup>-4</sup> cm/s at 95 percent compaction.
- 47. Prior to December 31, 2024, the Area will be graded according to plan

1 and compacted to meet specifications.

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48. During compaction, soils will be tested in-place by ASTM D6938 – Standard Test Method for In-Place Density and Water Content of Soil and Soil-Aggregate by Nuclear Methods (Shallow Depth) at a frequency of one (1) test per 25,000 sq. ft. of area to verify 95 percent compaction.

49. Verification of a two percent average grade will be based on completion
8 of post-grading survey at one-foot contour level.

50. Following grading, lined or asphalt concrete collection ditches or strip drains, and lined or concrete collection sumps, will be installed at approximately the locations depicted in Exhibit 10. (The lining details in Exhibit 10 are in reference only to the trenches, and not to the lagoons.)

51. Once completed, DBD shall submit to Plaintiffs a written description prepared by a Washington State licensed professional engineer of the activities DBD undertook with respect to this work. The Licensed engineer shall certify and stamp that the site meets slope and compaction requirements of this agreement.

# **CLEAN DRINKING WATER PROJECT**

52. The purpose of the Clean Drinking Water Project ("CDWP") payment
is to provide alternative clean drinking water to residents in the area near the Dairies.
All aspects of the program shall be managed by the CDWP; the Dairies' only
obligation is to provide the agreed-upon funding. Should anyone contact the Dairies

regarding alternative water supplies they shall be redirected to the CDWP, who will bear the sole responsibility for any such alternative supplies (except for properties bwned by the Dairies, in which case the Dairies shall be solely responsible).

53. Defendants shall make a one-time payment of \$25,000 to CDWP within thirty (30) days of entry of this Decree.

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# **ATTORNEYS' AND EXPERT WITNESS FEES AND COSTS**

Plaintiffs shall be considered the prevailing party for purposes of settlement. 54. DBD shall wire Plaintiffs \$250,000 to the Law Offices of Charles M. Tebbutt, P.C., 941 Lawrence St., Eugene, Oregon 97401, ATTN: Charles Tebbutt, within seven (7) days of entry of this decree; provided Tebbutt has provided copies of billing records sufficient to establish fees and expenses of at least that amount. Within sixty (60) days of entry of this consent decree, at DBD's option, it may either pay Tebbutt the remaining sum owed consistent with the billing records heretofore provided and 16 thereby resolve all costs and fees that could have been sought by Plaintiffs; or alternatively, DBD may demand that Plaintiffs file a motion for an award of 18 attorneys' fees, expert witnesses' fees and costs incurred in this litigation. The Dairies shall have the right to respond to Plaintiffs' submission in the ordinary course and as per the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Court's local rules. Any award of fees and costs to the Plaintiffs shall be reduced by the \$350,000 in payments already made by the Defendants with the balance due within thirty (30) days of the Court's

1 order.

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55. DBD shall, in addition to payments made pursuant to Paragraph 54 above, pay Plaintiffs to monitor implementation of this Decree ("Monitoring Costs") as indicated in the following Table 3:

Table 3. Monitoring Cost	Table	3. Moni	toring	Costs
--------------------------	-------	---------	--------	-------

7	Date	Amount DBD Shall Pay to Plaintiffs			
8	Within seven (7) days of entry of this	\$30,000			
	Decree, for the remainder of 2023				
9	1/01/2024	\$40,000			
10					
-	1/01/2025	\$40,000			
11					
12	1/01/2026	\$30,000			
12					
13	1/1/2027	\$30,000			
15					
14	1/1/2028	\$15,000			
15	By 1/1 each year thereafter if	\$2,000			
		\$2,000			
16	termination has not occurred				

56. Such Monitoring Costs do not include work performed by Plaintiffs' experts with regard to the Remediation Investigation and the oxygenation Pilot Project, or implementation thereof. Defendants shall fund \$300,000 in an escrow account for payment of Plaintiffs' RI and oxygenation Pilot Project within ten (10) days of approval of the work by Department of Ecology. The escrow funds shall be paid to and managed by the Law Offices of Charles M. Tebbutt. Payments for services shall be made from the escrow account within thirty (30) days of receipt of invoices unless
Defendants object in writing to specific payment concerns. Any disputes shall be
resolved through the Dispute Resolution process set forth in Paragraph 59. By
January 15 of each year commencing in 2025, the Parties shall confer to determine
whether additional escrow payments, and the amount thereof, shall be deposited until
implementation of the Pilot Project decisions are complete. If the Parties cannot
agree, the matter shall be submitted to Dispute Resolution per Paragraph 59.

57. The Parties shall use best efforts to minimize Plaintiffs' Monitoring Costs. For instance, the Parties shall maintain open communication with each other; DBD shall provide required documentation in a timely manner to Plaintiffs; and Plaintiffs shall attempt to bundle activities and associated site visits where possible.

#### **TERMINATION**

58. This Consent Decree and all obligations set forth herein shall terminate on December 31, 2028, if all determinative wells meet the requirements, and except for those obligations specifically noted herein to terminate at other times, including obligations based on construction schedules defined herein. Termination may occur earlier than 2027 if the determinative wells from all remediated areas show groundwater at less than 10 mg/l for nitrate (including ammonia) and 1 mg/L nitrite.

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### **DISPUTE RESOLUTION**

59. In the event of any dispute regarding implementation, interpretation, or

compliance with this Consent Decree, the Parties shall first attempt to informally 2 resolve the dispute through meetings of the Parties. Any Party to this Consent Decree 3 may initiate the informal dispute resolution process by serving, through its counsel, 4 written notice of a request for a dispute resolution on the other Party's counsel. The 5 Parties will attempt to have the Court appoint an arbitrator to resolve disputes that may arise as part of the implementation of this Consent Decree. Any costs of the 7 arbitrator shall be borne by Defendants. If an arbitrator is agreed upon, then the 8 9 Parties may each submit their respective positions to the arbitrator within thirty (30) 10 days of a writing by either side that the Parties were unable to reach a resolution 11 among themselves or as otherwise instructed by the arbitrator. If no arbitrator is 12 agreed upon, and resolution is of a dispute is not reached within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of that notice of a request for dispute resolution is served, then the Parties may resolve the dispute by filing motions with the Court.

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# **EFFECTIVE DATE**

60. The effective date of this Consent Decree shall be the date upon which the Court enters in the civil docket a copy of this Consent Decree signed by the Court.

# FINAL JUDGMENT

61. Upon approval and entry of this Consent Decree by the Court, this Consent Decree shall constitute a final, non-appealable judgment of the Court under 22 23 Rules 54 and 58 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

[PROPOSED] CONSENT DECREE

# **NOTICES**

2 62. Whenever notice is required to be given or a document is required to be 3 sent by one party to another under the terms of this Consent Decree, it shall be 4 directed to the individuals at the addresses specified below, unless prior notice of a 5 change has been given to the other Party. Notice under this Consent Decree shall be 6 effective on the date of service through electronic mail. 7 Charles M. Tebbutt, charlie@tebbuttlaw.com 8 For Plaintiffs: 9 Jon Frohnmayer, jon@tebbuttlaw.com 10 Daniel C. Snyder, dsnyder@publicjustice.net 11 12 For DBD: Jay Carroll, jcarroll@hnw.law 13 Scott Stephen, scott.stephen@agrimgt.com 14 John Glessner, jwglessner@aol.com 15 Drboffice@embarqmail.com 16 Drboffice2@embarqmail.com 17 Any Party may change either the notice recipient or the address for providing 18 19 notice to it by serving the other Parties with a notice setting forth such new notice 20 recipient or address. 21 /// 22 /// 23 ///

[PROPOSED] CONSENT DECREE

1

1	WE HEREBY CONSENT to the Entry of this Consent Decree.	
2		
3	Community Association for Restoration of the Environment, Inc.	
4	By: Chelen Redered	
5 6	By: <u>Allen Reddort</u> Name: <u>Helen Reddort</u>	
7		
8	Friends of Toppenish Creek, Inc.	
9	Ву:	
10	Name:	
11		
12 13	Center for Food Safety, Inc.	
14	Ву:	
15	Name:	
16	Plaintiffs	
17		
18 19	DBD Washington, LLC	
20	Ву:	
21	Name:	
22		
23		
	[PROPOSED] CONSENT DECREE 39	)

	Case 1:19-cv-03110-TOR ECF No. 180 filed 06/09/23 PageID.2080 Page 40 of	45
1	WE HEREBY CONSENT to the Entry of this Consent Decree.	
2		
3	Community Association for Restoration of the Environment, Inc.	
4		
5		
6	Name:	
7		
8	Friends of Toppenish Creek, Inc.	
9	By: Jean Mendoza	
10	By: Jean Mendoza Name: Jean Munduga	
11		
12		
13	Center for Food Safety, Inc.	
14	By:	
15	Name:	
16	Plaintiffs	
17		
18	DBD Washington, LLC	
19		
20	By:	
21	Name:	
22		
23		
	[PROPOSED] CONSENT DECREE	39

	Case 1:19-cv-03110-TOR ECF No. 180 filed 06/09/23 PageID.2081 Page 41 of	45
1	WE HEREBY CONSENT to the Entry of this Consent Decree.	
3 4 5	Community Association for Restoration of the Environment, Inc.         By:	
6 7	Name:	
8 9	Friends of Toppenish Creek, Inc.     By:	
10 11	Name:	
12 13	Center for Food Safety, Inc.	
13 14 15	By: Amy van Saun	
16	Name:      Plaintiffs	
17 18	DBD Washington, LLC	
19 20	By:	
21 22	Name:	
23		
	[PROPOSED] CONSENT DECREE	39

Ca	se 1:19-cv-03110-TOR ECF No. 180 filed 06/09/23 PageID.2082 Page 42 of 45
1	
2	WE HEREBY CONSENT to the Entry of this Consent Decree.
3	o or contract to the matry of this Consent Decree.
4	
5	Community Association for Restoration of the Environment, Inc.
6	By:
7	Name:
8	
9	Friends of Toppenish Creek, Inc.
10	
11	By:
12	Name:
13	
14	Center for Food Safety, Inc.
15	By:
16	Name:
17	Plaintiffs
18	Michael I. protect Creek, the
19	
20	DBD Washington, LLC
21	By: <u>Patery Jarson, Manager</u>
22	Name: TATSY LARSON
23	a der Marie Barri Viran Barri, Amerikan Barri, Amerikan Barri, Amerikan Barri, Amerikan Barri, Amerikan Barri,
	ta mana and a second and a second and a second a
-5	[PROPOSED] CONSENT DECREE
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ten 19**19-1930** Maria Maria 1919 - Antonio Maria Maria

#### Case 1:19-cv-03110-TOR ECF No. 180 filed 06/09/23 PageID.2083 Page 43 of 45

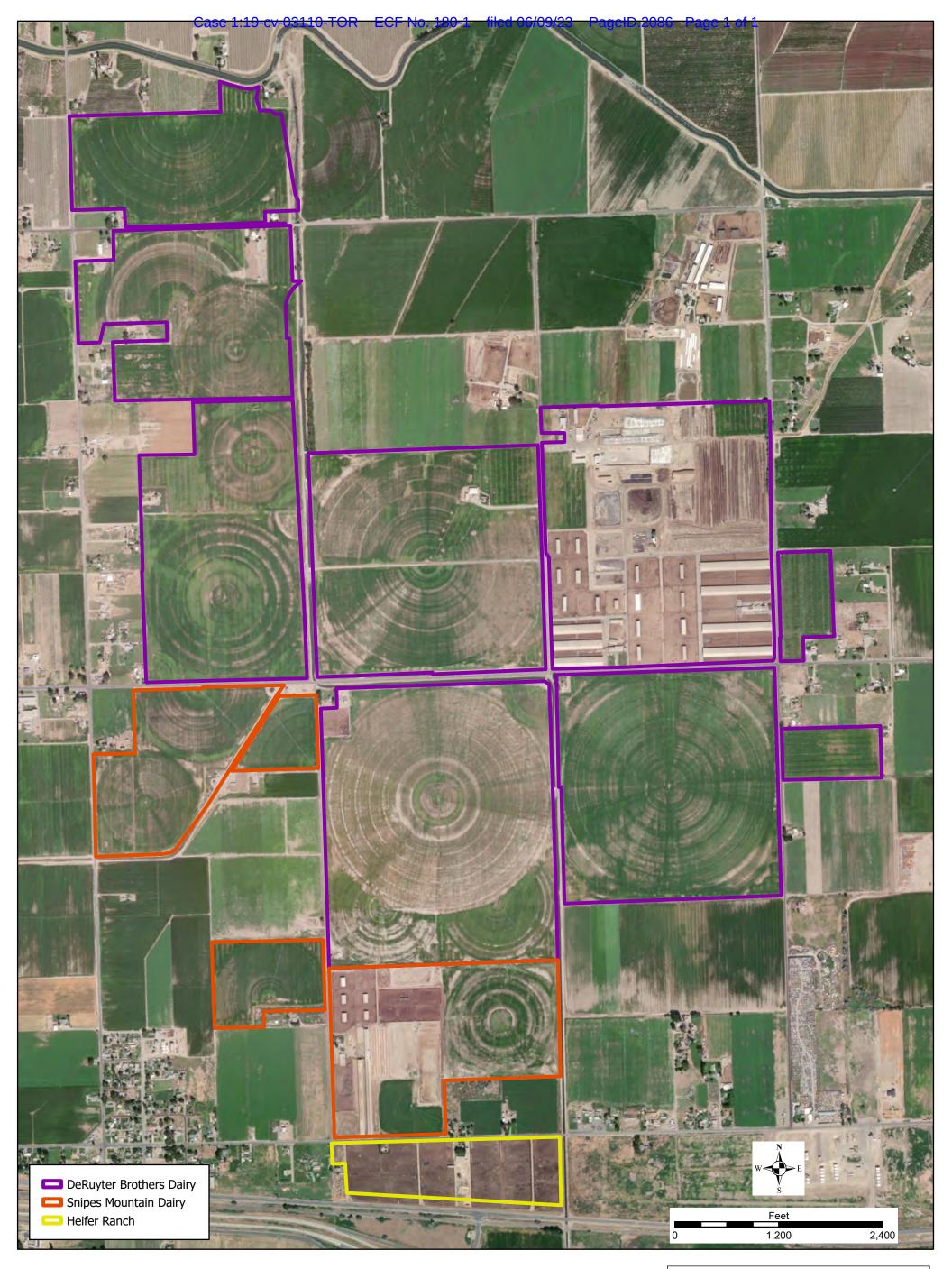
1 SMD, LLC Manager 2 MON. By: 3 atsu LARSON Name: 4 AUSTIN JACK DECOSTER 5 By: 6 7 DECOSTER ENTERPRISES, INC. 8 lanager 9 By: 10 Name: 11 12 13 IT IS SO ORDERED THIS DAY OF , 2023. 14 15 16 THOMAS O. RICE 17 United States District Judge 18 19 Respectfully submitted this 9<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2023. 20 /s/ Charles M. Tebbutt Charles M. Tebbutt, WSBA #47255 21 Jon Frohnmayer, pro hac vice 22 Law Offices of Charles M. Tebbutt, P.C. 941 Lawrence St. 23 Eugene, OR 97401 charlie@tebbuttlaw.com [PROPOSED] CONSENT DECREE

40

	Case 1:19-cv-03110-TOR	ECF No. 180	filed 06/09/23	PageID.2084	Page 44 of 45
1	jon@tebbuttlaw.com				
2	Tel: (541) 344-3505 Fax: (541) 344-3516				
3	/s/ Daniel C. Snyder				
4	Daniel C. Snyder, <i>pro had</i> PUBLIC JUSTICE	c vice			
5	1620 L Street NW, Suite	630			
6	Washington, DC 20036 Tel: (202) 861-5251				
7	dsnyder@publicjustice.ne	et			
8	/s/ Andrea K. Rodgers Andrea K. Rodgers, WSE	BA #38683			
9	Law Offices of Andrea K				
10	3026 NW Esplanade Seattle, WA 98117				
	andrearodgers42@gmail. Tel: (206) 696-2851	<u>com</u>			
11	101. (200) 090-2001				
12	/s/ Andrea K. Rodgers ANDREA K. RODGERS	1			
13	WSBA #38683				
14	Law Offices of Andrea K 3026 NW Esplanade	. Rodgers			
15	Seattle, WA 98117				
16	andrearodgers42@gmail. Tel: (206) 696-2851	com			
17	/s/ Toby J. Marshall				
18	Toby J. Marshall, WSBA				
19	Blythe H. Chandler, WSE Terrell Marshall Law Gro				
	936 North 34th Street, Su	1			
20	Seattle, Washington 9810				
21	tmarshall@terrellmarshal bchandler@terrellmarsha				
22	Tel: (206) 816-6603				
23	/s/ Amy van Saun				
	AMY VAN SAUN, pro h	iac vice			

[PROPOSED] CONSENT DECREE

	Case 1:19-cv-03110-TOR	ECF No. 180	filed 06/09/23	PageID.2085	Page 45 of 45
1 2 3 4 5 6	CENTER FOR FOOD SA 303 Sacramento Street, 2 <sup>rd</sup> San Francisco, CA 94111 avansaun@centerforfoods Tel: (415) 826-2770 <i>Counsel for Plaintiffs</i> <u>/s/ Gary H. Baise</u> Gary H. Baise, pro hac vi	<sup>ad</sup> Floor safety.org			
7	D.C. Bar ID #194878 2201 Great Falls Street				
8	Falls Church, VA 22043				
9	Tel: 202-320-6336 Fax: 703-534-1753 vthed	gerow@aol.co	m		
10	/s/ J. Jay Carroll				
11	J. Jay Carroll				
12	WSBA No. 17424  HALVERSON   NORTH	WEST LAW			
13	GROUP P.C. 405 East Lincoln Avenue				
14	P.O. Box 22550				
15	Yakima, Washington 989 Tel: (509) 248-6030	07			
16	Fax: (509) 453-6880 jcarroll@hnw.law				
17					
18	Counsel for Austin Jack I	DeCoster and L	OBD, et al.		
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
	[PROPOSED] CONSENT DE	ECREE			42



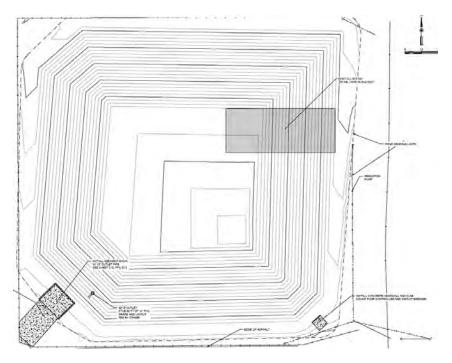




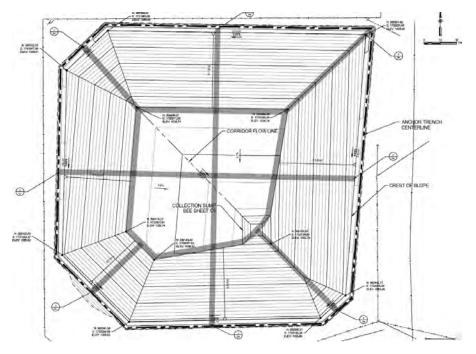


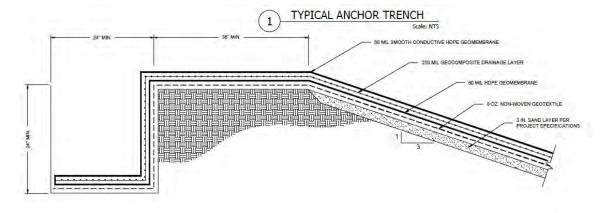
**Design Details** 

Lagoon bottom must have a slope to allow gas venting and drainage to a leak detection sump. See detail below as an example:



Gas venting location must be shown on the detail. 14+' vent strips on 50' centers should be adequate

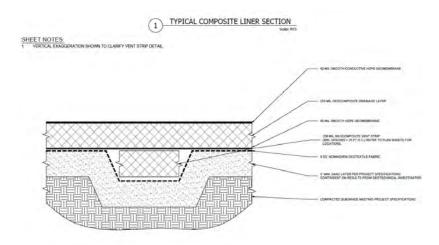




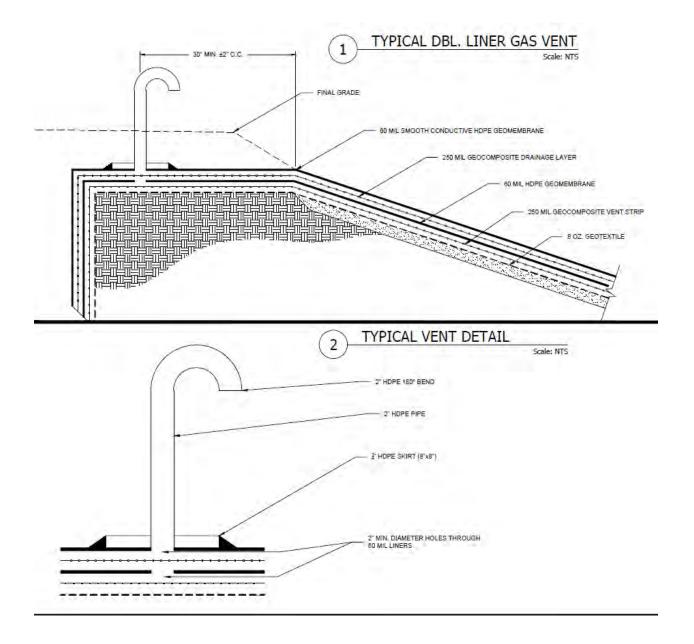
Liner cross section should be equivalent to the detail below:

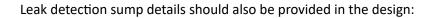
The following description is equivalent:

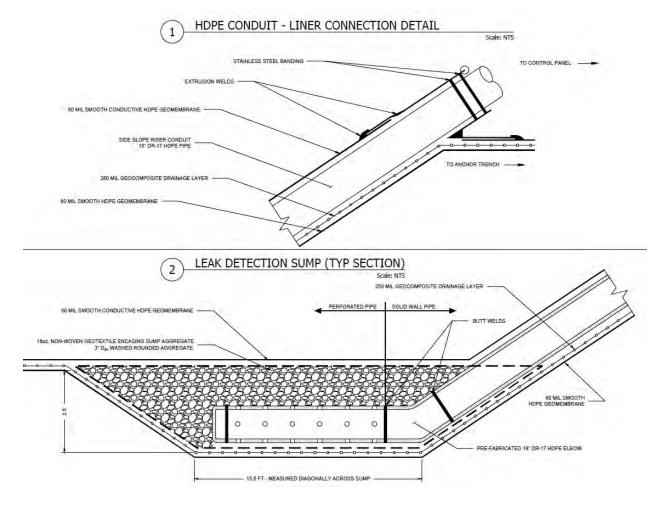
- 1. Cross section
  - A. Subgrade: Biplanar geocomposite Vent strip: 14.5' on 50 ft centers
  - B. 50 Mil Textured micro-drain. (drain studs face up)
  - C. 60 Mil HDPE textured.



Gas venting details are provided that do not flood and are free venting. The vent must provide gas transfer from between the primary and secondary dimpled liner and from beneath the secondary liner where the vent strips are located:







An example of a complete lagoon design is attached.

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# **APPROVALS**

David Erickson, PG Project Manager

Jess Alexander Senior Scientist

**REVISION HISTORY** 

Revision#:	Author:	Description:	Issue Date:
Rev. 0	JA	Internal Draft	8/9/2022
Rev. 1	JA	JA Revised Per J.G. Comments	
Rev. 2	JA	Revised Per 2/17/2023 Mtg.	2/20/2023

Date

Date

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#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

Water and Environmental Technologies, Inc. (WET) has prepared this Remediation Investigation Work Plan on behalf of the Law Offices of Charles M. Tebbutt, P.C. (Attorney) for the collection and analyses of groundwater and subsurface soils in and around the DBD Washington LLC. (DBD), and the SMD LLC. (SMD), collectively referred to as the Facilities. The Facilities are located north of Outlook, Yakima County, Washington, as shown in Figure 1.

#### 2.0 **OBJECTIVES**

Historical data suggests that the largest source of nitrate loading to groundwater at the Facilities is from the manure storage lagoons located on Facilities' properties. These lagoons were constructed without impermeable liner systems resulting in seepage of the manure wastes into their subsurface soils. Manure wastes have high concentrations of nitrogen species primarily in the form of ammonia which is sorbed to soil particles and organic matter as the waste infiltrates through the soil column. As a result, the soils beneath the lagoons are saturated with ammonia which acts as a long-term source of nitrate to groundwater. Without remediation, this source will continue to contribute nitrate to groundwater.

Pilot studies have been proposed to test the effectiveness of two remediation methods in mitigating the ammonia source beneath the lagoons and in reducing nitrate concentrations in groundwater. The first proposed remediation method uses enzymes to assimilate nitrogen into recalcitrant proteins that sorb to soil particles, significantly reducing nitrogen leaching through the soil and reducing nitrate groundwater contamination. The second proposed remediation method introduces oxygen to soil and groundwater containing high concentrations of nitrogen species under anoxic conditions. The introduction of oxygen under these conditions will allow the nitrification process to occur, converting sorbed ammonia to nitrate. The groundwater that receives the nitrate will be removed through extraction wells or trenches and used for irrigation. The oxidation remediation technology has been proven to effectively treat nitrate impacts to groundwater, however, its success is dependent on understanding the site conditions. The enzyme addition may be viable but warrants additional study to understand the optimal applications.

Although historical environmental investigations have successfully demonstrated impacts to soil and groundwater beneath the lagoons, there has not been enough data collected to adequately delineate the extent of impacts to soil and groundwater and to design the proposed pilot study remediation programs. Soil and groundwater data collected in the Facility's lagoon areas is limited.

Agrimanagement Inc. (Agrimanagement) and Anderson Environmental Contracting LLC. (AEC) installed eight (8) groundwater monitoring wells around the Facilities' lagoon areas on December 28<sup>th</sup>, 2022, and December 29<sup>th</sup>, 2022. The locations of these groundwater monitoring wells are provided on Figure 4 and Figure 5. The State of Washington Department of Ecology (Ecology)

Resource Protection Well Reports (Boring Logs) for these monitoring wells are provided in Appendix A. These groundwater monitoring wells were installed to be used as part of this remediation investigation.

Agrimanagement and AEC decommissioned groundwater monitoring wells FMW-1, FMW-2, FMW-3, and FMW-8 in December 2022. These wells were decommissioned because they were either damaged or their locations interfered with Lagoon operations. Agrimanagement submitted well decommissioning logs to Ecology as part of the closure process.

The objective of this Remediation Investigation (RI) is to collect the additional information required to perform the pilot studies. This information: 1) will determine which locations at the Facilities would be most suitable for performing the pilot studies, 2) provided data required for remediation design, and 3) establish a groundwater monitoring network designed to observe nitrate trends in groundwater as they respond to treatment. With these objectives in mind, WET and Agrimanagement have developed this investigation to concentrate soil boring and monitoring well locations to the lagoon areas expected to require remediation and have been deemed most likely to benefit from these remediation methods.

#### 3.0 SUPPLEMENTAL DATA REQUIREMENTS - SOIL

The design and successful implementation of both remediation options is highly dependent on additional soil data specific to within the lagoon areas. These soil data include:

#### 3.1 Soil Profile Thickness

Advancing soil borings within the footprint of the lagoons will determine the thickness of the soil profile between the bottom of the lagoons and the top of the groundwater table. This information is critical to the design of both remediation options. For the enzyme treatment pilot study, this information is important in determining the most suitable pilot study location, the most appropriate method for applying the enzymes, and the estimated quantity of the enzymes that need to be applied.

For the oxygenation injection treatment pilot study, this information is important in determining the most suitable pilot study location the design of the system's infrastructure such as depth of the infiltration gallery and spacing of the perforated pipe, and the estimated quantity of oxygenation agents required for remediation.

For both treatment options, this information will be required to determine the mass of the nitrogen species present in the soil aiding in remediation timeline predictions.

#### **3.2** Soil Characteristics

Understanding the soil characteristics such as soil type, moisture content and percent organic matter will aid in the design of both remediation strategies. Additionally, these soil characteristics will help identify preferential pathways of nutrients beneath the lagoons. For example, if the soil characteristics in one area are observed the be coarse grained material that is saturated and contains high organic matter, this zone is a probable preferential pathway for nutrient loading and remediation can be focused to just this area. For the enzyme treatment pilot study this information is important in determining which location is most appropriate for this remediation method and in determining if the soil should be conditioned with water. For the oxygenation injection treatment pilot study, understanding the soil type is important in determining the most suitable location for treatment and in system design such as infiltration gallery depth and spacing, pump sizing and extraction well design.

#### **3.3** Nitrogen Species Concentrations

The soil sample analytical data will aid in determining the total mass of nitrogen species present in the soils within the treatment areas. Additionally, it will aid in the delineation of the lateral and vertical extent of the nitrogen impacts. This information will aid in determining which areas beneath the lagoons are the likely source of nitrate to groundwater. It will reduce remediation efforts to just the observed impacted areas and ultimately reduce total remediation costs.

Understanding the nitrogen species concentrations beneath the lagoons will be critical in the design of both remediation options. For the enzyme treatment, this data will determine the quantity and concentration of the enzymes and will aid in determining how the enzymes will be applied to the soil. For the oxygenation injection treatment, this information will aid in design of the infiltration gallery and in determining the concentration and quantity of the oxygenation agent. Finally, this data will provide a baseline for future monitoring to determine the effectiveness of the treatment options.

#### 4.0 SUPPLEMENTAL DATA REQUIREMENTS - GROUNDWATER

Groundwater data will be required in to adequately design and monitor both remediation strategies. These groundwater data include:

#### 4.1 Groundwater Parameters

Understanding groundwater parameters including, dissolved oxygen, turbidity, electrical conductivity, and pH is important to the design of both remediation options. For the enzyme treatment, these parameters will aid in determining if the groundwater conditions are conducive for the enzyme treatment, will aid in determining which location is most suitable the enzyme application, and will be required to determine if additional amendments are needed to improve the effectiveness of the application. For the oxygenation injection treatment, groundwater parameters

will aid in determining which location is most suitable for treatment, aid in the design of the treatment system, and will be required for the design of the injection solution.

#### 4.2 Shallow Aquifer Hydrology

The newly installed groundwater monitoring network will provide hydraulic data for the shallow aquifer within the immediate vicinity of the lagoon areas. This information includes; depth to groundwater, seasonal fluctuations of the water table, local hydraulic gradients, and influence of surface water sources (i.e., irrigation canals, lagoons, etc.) on the local water table. Basic hydraulic testing on select monitoring wells will also aid in understanding the hydraulic conductivity of the aquifer. This data is critical in getting a better understanding of the residence time of the nitrate impacts, the design of the oxygenation injection system, and the design of the groundwater extraction system (i.e., well design and spacing, pump sizing, etc.).

#### 4.3 Groundwater Nitrogen Specie Concentrations

Groundwater samples collected from this monitoring network will aid in better understanding the nature and extent of the plumes within the vicinity of the lagoons. This information will assist in determining which lagoons are the likely sources of the nitrate plumes, potentially reducing remediation efforts to just the areas that are contributing nitrate to groundwater. Additionally, these initial analytical results will provide baseline groundwater data for monitoring the effect both remediation options will have on nitrate concentrations in groundwater.

#### 4.4 Groundwater Monitoring

The purpose of both remediation options is to ultimately reduce the concentrations of nitrates in groundwater. The current monitoring network is not sufficient to adequately monitor nitrate concentrations in groundwater in response to remediation. The groundwater monitoring network proposed in this Work Plan has been designed to identify and characterize nitrate impacts associated with manure liquid seepage from the lagoons at the Dairies. Additionally, select wells will be used to monitor the effectiveness of the remediation pilot programs. Once the locations of the remediation pilot programs have been selected, a portion of the wells deemed by WET and Agrimanagement as unnecessary for remediation monitoring will be abandoned.

#### 5.0 **PROPOSED SOIL INVESTIGATION**

The proposed soil investigation is limited to the lagoons 1, 2, 3, and 4 located on the DBD property and the former settling basin area, former lagoons 1 and 2, and the lagoon located south of the milking parlor located on the SMD property. The investigation will be conducted using a sampling grid in accordance with the schedule provided below. WET understands that some of the lagoons may be in use. Sampling will not be conducted in lagoons that are not accessible or in operation, but WET reserves the right to sample the lagoons when access is available. Agrimanagement will use their drilling equipment to collect continuous core soil samples via direct push drilling methods. The soil borings will be advanced until either refusal is encountered or until the soil boring is a minimum of one foot below the soil/groundwater interface. Agrimanagement will collect a soil sample from each boring in accordance with the following:

- One soil sample will be collected in the upper 3 feet of the soil boring.
- One soil sample will be collected from the area demonstrating the highest evidence of impact.
- One soil sample will be collected from within 1 foot above the soil/groundwater interface.

The soil samples will be collected in laboratory approved sample containers, stored in coolers on ice, and transported to a qualified laboratory for analysis under chain-of-custody protocol. The soil samples will be analyzed for Nitrate as N, Ammonium as N, Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN), and Phosphorous. Agrimanagement will be responsible for the proper collection, storage, and transport of the soil samples. WET will provide a representative to observe drilling and to log the soil conditions.

We anticipate that the preliminary soil sampling program can be completed in four 10-hour working days. Upon review of the analytical data, both WET and Agrimanagement will remobilize to the Facilities to complete supplemental soil sampling in quadrants where exceedances occur. Based on the sampling schedule provided above, we have assumed that a total of 111 soil samples will be collected, however, this sample quantity should be reduced if access to a portion of the lagoons is not available.

Below outlines the sampling grids. The locations of these grids are provided in Figure 2 and Figure 3 attached to this document.

#### 5.1 **DeRuyter Brothers Dairy**

- Lagoon #1 will be divided into three equal quadrants, with one soil boring advanced in the center of each quadrant.
- Lagoon #2 will be divided into three equal quadrants, with one soil boring advanced in the center of each quadrant.
- Lagoon #3 will be divided into six equal quadrants, with one soil boring advanced in the center of each quadrant.
- Lagoon #4 will be divided into nine equal quadrants, with one soil boring advanced in the center of each quadrant.

#### 5.2 Snipes Mountain Dairy

- Former Lagoon #1 will be divided into four equal quadrants, with one soil boring advanced in the center of each quadrant.

- Former Lagoon #2 will be divided into four equal quadrants, with one soil boring advanced in the center of each quadrant.
- Former Settling Basin located in the northeast corner of the SMD property will be divided into four equal quadrants, with one soil boring advanced in the center of each quadrant.
- Former Lagoon Area located in the southwest corner of the SMD property will be divided into four equal quadrants, with one soil boring advanced in the center of each quadrant.

### 5.3 Supplemental Soil Sampling

WET and Agrimanagement will review the laboratory results of the preliminary soil samples. Up to four additional soil borings will be advanced in each quadrant where analytical results demonstrate concentrations exceeding 45 parts per million (ppm) combined nitrate (NO<sup>3</sup>) and ammonia (NH<sup>4</sup>) in that quadrant. Soil samples will be collected in 1-foot intervals from ground surface to the soil/groundwater interface during the supplemental investigation. We cannot provide an estimate on the supplemental soil sampling program at this time, however, for costing purposes, we have assumed that the supplemental soil investigation will take three 10-hour working days. WET cannot predict the quantity of soil samples to be collected during the supplemental investigation.

## 6.0 PROPOSED GROUNDWATER INVESTIGATION

Thirteen (13) additional groundwater monitoring wells, identified on Figure 4 and Figure 5, will be installed around the Facilities' lagoons as part of this remediation investigation. The groundwater monitoring wells will be installed within the lagoon areas by Agrimanagement using direct push drilling methods. The monitoring well locations have been pre-determined based on proximity to the lagoon areas, the known general hydraulic gradient and flow direction, and previous groundwater data. However, the location of these wells may change based on observed site conditions.

Agrimanagement will install the groundwater monitoring wells to approximately 5 feet below the soil/groundwater interface using direct push drilling methods. A WET field representative will observe and log the soil conditions as the wells are installed and collaborate with Agrimanagement on well screen depth intervals based on observed conditions. Upon completion, WET will develop the wells and collect an initial round of groundwater samples. The groundwater samples will be sent to a qualified laboratory for Nitrate as N, Nitrite as N, Nitrate + Nitrite as N, TKN, Ammonia as N, and total Phosphorous analysis.

#### 6.1 DBD Washington LLC.

Five groundwater monitoring wells will be installed within the DBD lagoon area as part of this Investigation. This quantity assumes that the new wells, installed by AEC, including AEC MW #1, AEC MW #2, AEC MW #3, and AEC MW #8 were installed in accordance with the attached

boring logs and can be utilized. This quantity also assumes that existing monitoring wells FMW-4, FMW-5, FMW-6, and FMW-7 are still functional and will not interfere with the reconstruction activities. If any of these wells need to be abandoned, then a replacement well should be installed in the abandoned well's general vicinity. The additional proposed groundwater monitoring well locations are provided on Figure 4.

WET anticipates that the five groundwater monitoring wells can be installed in one 10-hour working day, well development can be completed in one 10-hour working day, and groundwater sample collection from all of DBD's existing wells can be completed in two 10-hour working days. WET has assumed that a total of 13 groundwater samples will be submitted for laboratory analysis.

#### 6.2 Snipes Mountain Dairy

Eight groundwater monitoring wells will be installed within the SMD lagoon areas as part of this Investigation. This quantity assumes that the new wells, installed by AEC, including AEC MW #11, and AEC MW #12 were installed in accordance with the attached boring logs and can be utilized. This quantity also assumes that existing monitoring well FMW-9 is still functional and will not interfere with the reconstruction activities. If this well needs to be abandoned, then a replacement well should be installed in its general vicinity. The proposed groundwater monitoring well locations are provided on Figure 5.

WET anticipates that the groundwater monitoring wells can be installed in two 10-hour working days, well development can be completed in one 10-hour working day, and groundwater sample collection can be completed in two 10-hour working days. WET has assumed that a total of 11 groundwater samples will be submitted for laboratory analysis.

#### 7.0 DATA INTERPRETATION AND REPORTING

Upon completion of the field activities outlined above, WET will review the data and collaborate with Agrimanagement to determine the extent of environmental impacts within the investigation areas. This determination will be dependent on the analytical results of the soil and groundwater samples. Areas where combined NO<sup>3</sup> and NH<sup>4</sup> concentrations in soil are less than 45 micrograms per gram (ug/g) will be considered non-impacted. Groundwater samples with nitrate concentrations less than 10 milligrams per liter (mg/L) will be considered non-impacted.

WET, Agrimanagement, and the Facilities will collaborate to determine the most appropriate remediation strategies based on the data collected during the RI. WET reserves the right to perform Oxygenation Pilot Study programs on one Lagoon on the DBD property and one Lagoon on the SMD property. It is anticipated that Agrimanagement will perform Enzyme Pilot Study Programs on one Lagoon on the DBD property. The selection of the Lagoons will be based on several factors including; analytical results, hydrogeological conditions, and the ability to monitor the effectiveness of the Pilot Study Programs.

WET will provide a Summary Report that details the findings of the RI. Additionally, WET will provide a Work Plan detailing the Oxygenation Injection Pilot Studies. This Work Plan will provide details including location, construction specifications, and cost estimates. WET anticipates that report drafts can be provided within 30 days upon receiving the laboratory analysis data.

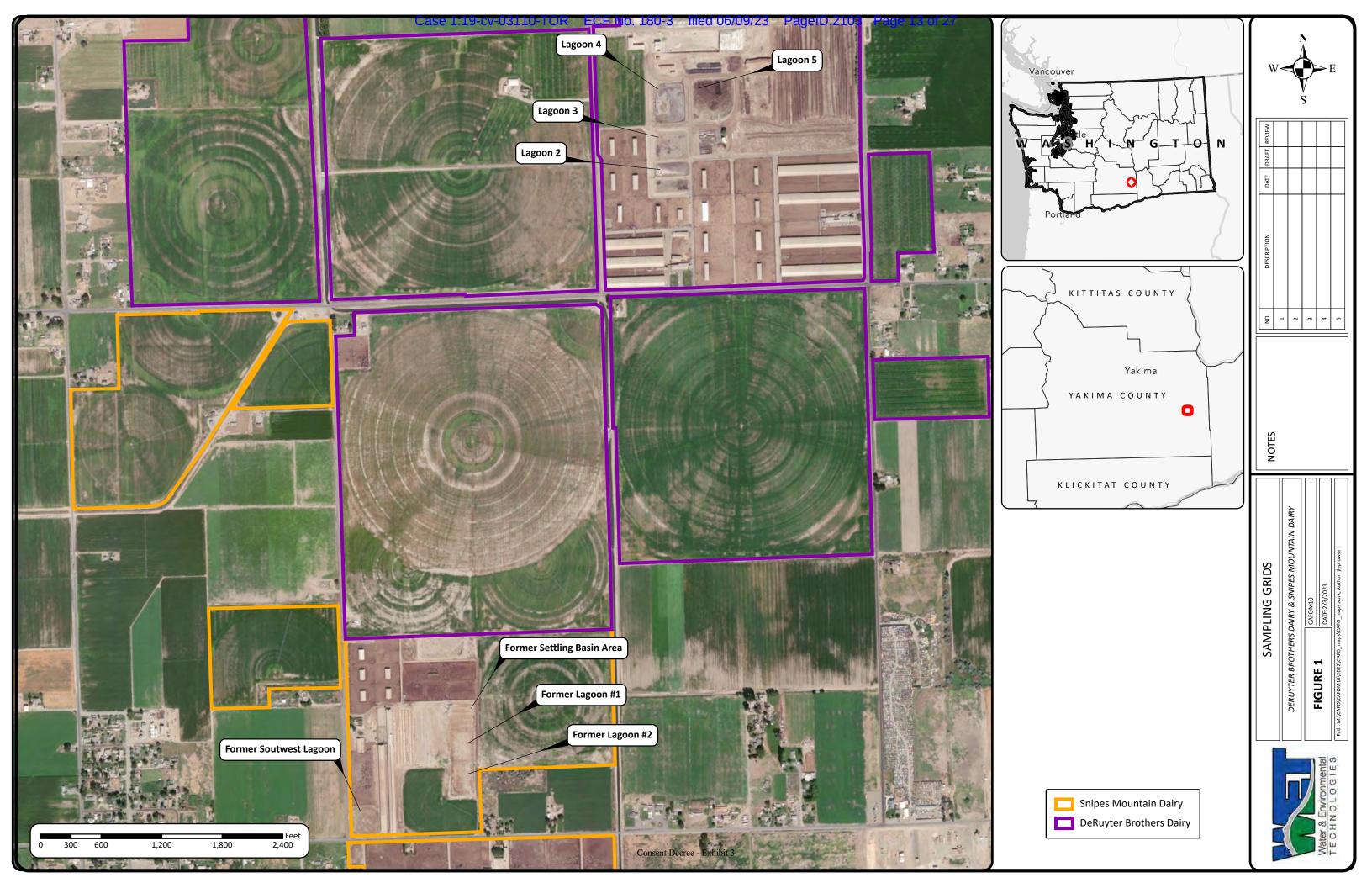
#### 8.0 REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION SCHEDULE AND COST

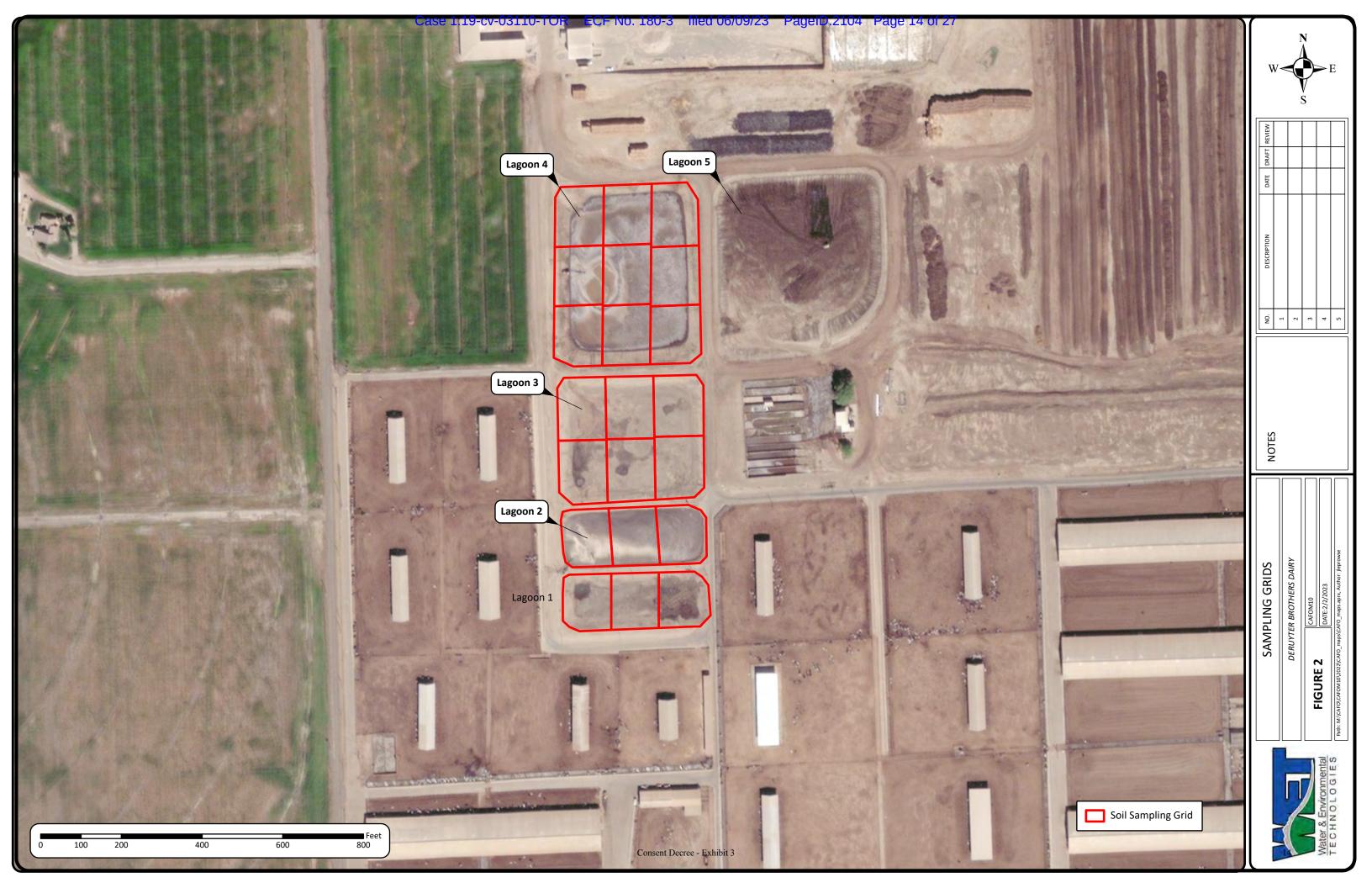
Agrimanagement will be responsible for drilling the soil borings, installing the groundwater monitoring wells, and soil sample analysis. WET will provide one representative to oversee the soil borings and monitoring well installations, groundwater sampling, and groundwater sample analysis. WET anticipates that the RI field work can be completed in approximately two weeks. This estimate is based on assumed drilling and well installation production rates and may vary based on Agrimanagement's production rate. The cost to complete the above-described scope of work is summarized in the following Table 1.

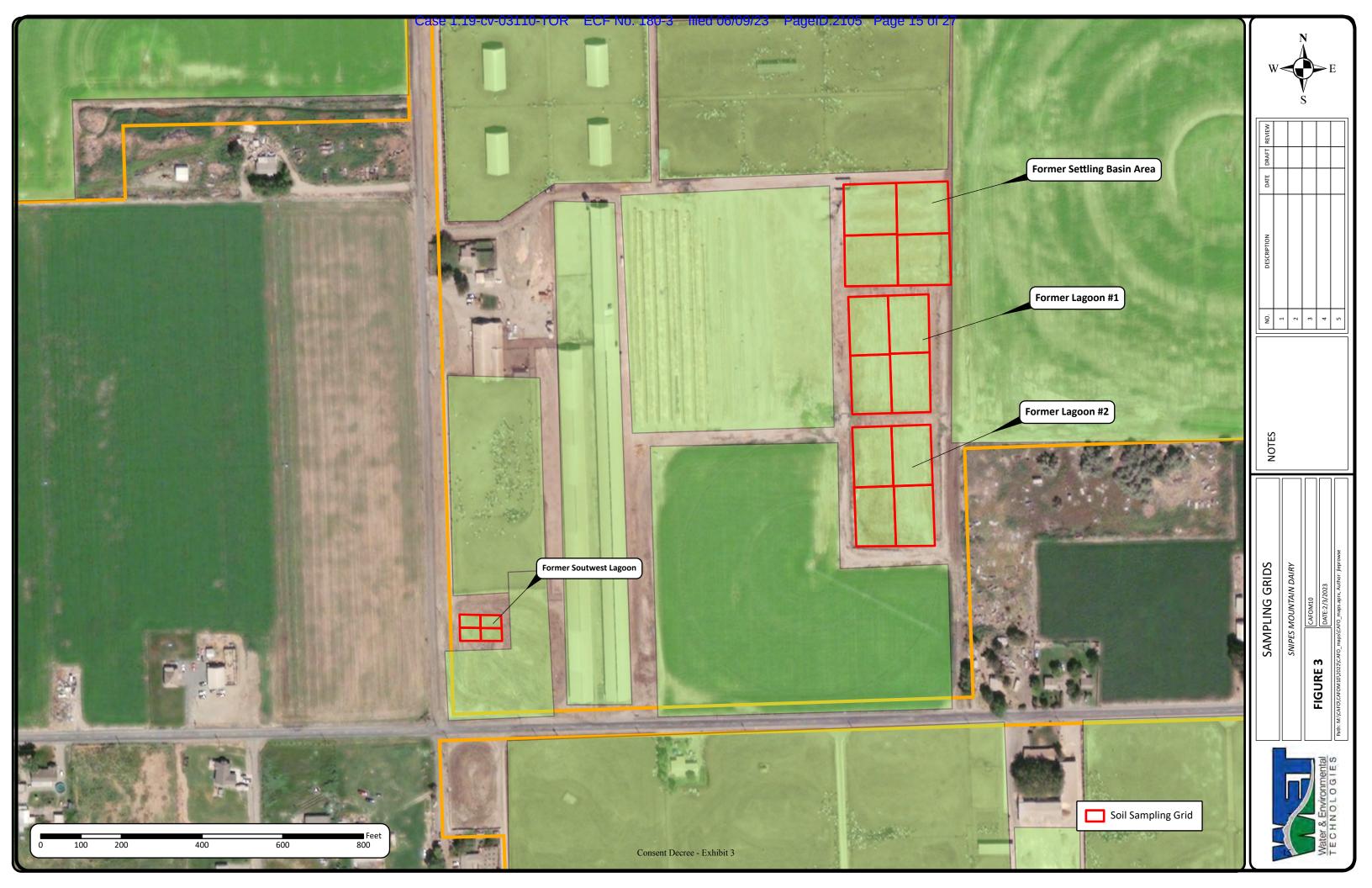
Table 1: Cost Estimate				
Tasks	Labor	Expenses	Total	
Task 1 – Project Management	\$5,510	\$0	\$5,510	
Task 2 – Initial Mobilization	\$2,835	\$4,735	\$7,570	
Task 2a – Supplemental Mobilization	\$2,048	\$2,319	\$4,367	
Task 3 – Field Investigation	\$14,700	\$2,035	\$16,735	
Task 3a – Supplemental (Soil) Investigation	\$3,150	\$500	\$3,650	
Task 4 – Laboratory Analysis	\$710	\$4,286	\$4,996	
Task 5 – Data Validation	\$2,260	\$0	\$2,260	
Task 6 – Reporting	\$13,885	\$115	\$14,000	
Total			\$59,088	

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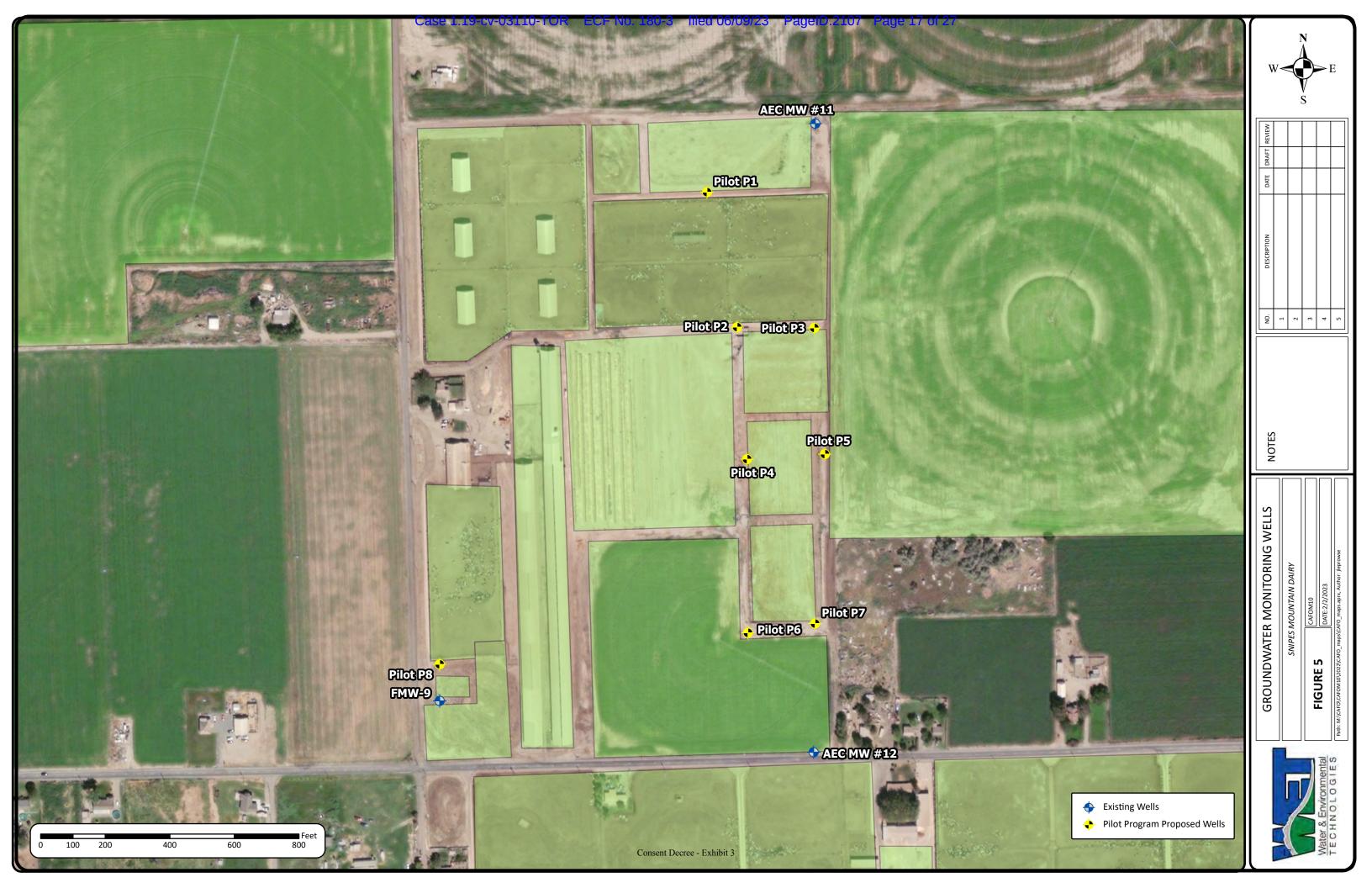
# **FIGURES**











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**APPENDIX A** 

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Notice of Intent No. RE23927

State of Washington

#### **Resource Protection Well Report**

Submit one well report per well installed. See page two for instructions. Type of Work:

Construction

Ecology Well ID Tag No. BPA-213

Site Well Name MW-1

Consulting Firm DBD WASHINGTON LLC.

Was a variance approved for this well/boring? 
Yes No

If yes, what was the variance for?

WELL CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATION: I constructed and/or accept responsibility for construction of this well, and its compliance with all Washington well construction standards. Materials used and the information reported are true to my best knowledge and belief.

🔳 Driller 🗀 Trainee 🗀 Engineer

Name (Print Last, First Name) Rider, Daniel

Driller/Engineer/Trainee Signature Daniel Rider

License No. 3223

Company Name Anderson Environmental Contracting LLC

If trainee box is checked, sponsor's license number: \_\_\_\_\_ Sponsor's signature \_\_\_\_\_\_

Type of Well: Resource Protection Well Injection Point Remediation Well Grounding Well Geotechnical Soil Boring Ground Source Heat Pump Environmental Boring Other Soil- 🗆 Vapor- 🗆 Water-sampling Property Owner WASHINGTON DAIRY HOLDINGS LLC. Well Street Address 5111 VAN BELLE RD City OUTLOOK County YAKIMA Tax Parcel No. 221016-42004 Location (see instructions): WWM □ or EWM ■ NW 1/4-1/4 SE 1/4, Section 16 Town 10N Range 22E Latitude (Example: 47.12345) Longitude (Example: -120.12345) (WGS 84 Coordinate System) Borehole diameter <u>6</u> inches Casing diameter <u>2</u> inches Static water level <u>17</u> ft below top of casing Date <u>12/28/2022</u> □ Above-ground completion with bollards ■ Flush monument Stick-up of top of well casing \_\_\_\_\_ ft above ground surface Start Date 12/28/2022 Completed Date 12/28/2022

Construction/Design Well Data Formation Description Concrete Surface Seal 2 0-17 Depth FT FT Blank Casing (dia x dep) 2" x 12' DRY SILTY SAND PVC Material Backfill FT Chips 17-25 Type FT WET SILTY SAND 6 Seal FT Gravel Pack 14 FT Material Sand 2" x 10' Screen (dia x dep) FT Slot Size .001 **PVC** Material 22 Well Depth FT **Space Reserved** 3' Backfill for Ecology Stamp CHIPS Material of Receipt Total Hole Depth 25 FT

ECY050-12 (07/2018) To request ADA accommodation including materials in a format for the visually impaired, call Ecology Water Resources Program 360-407-6872. Persons with impaired hearing may call Washington Relay Service at 711. Persons with speech disability may call TTY at 877-833-6341.

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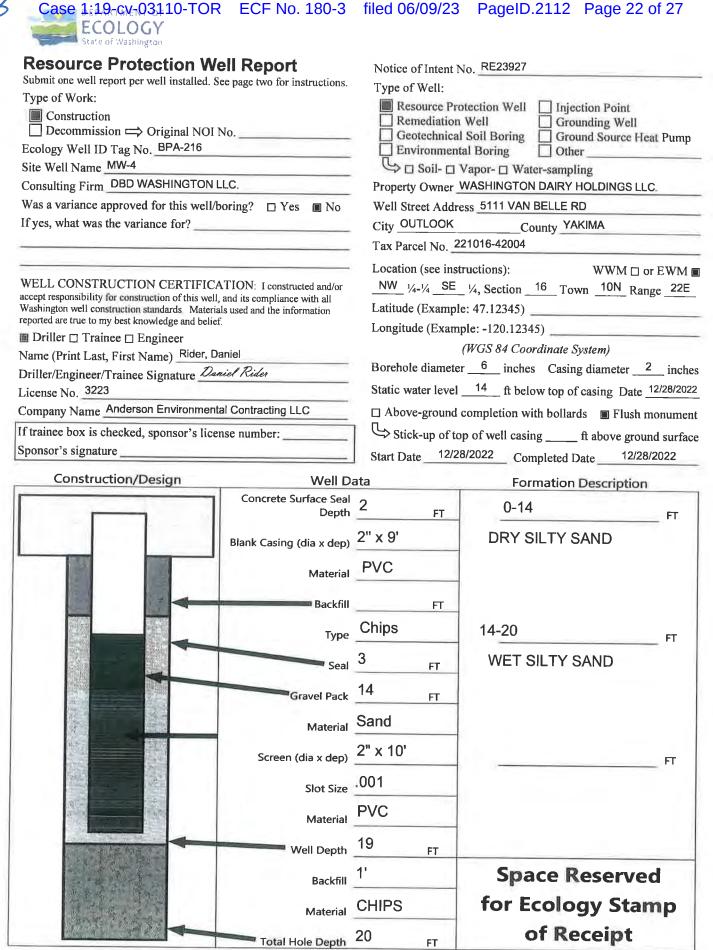


#### Resource Protection Well Report Notice of Intent No. RE23927 Submit one well report per well installed. See page two for instructions. Type of Well: Type of Work: Resource Protection Well Injection Point Construction Remediation Well Grounding Well 🔲 Decommission 🖙 Original NOI No. Geotechnical Soil Boring Ground Source Heat Pump Ecology Well ID Tag No. BPA-214 Environmental Boring Other\_ Site Well Name MW-2 🕓 🗆 Soil- 🗆 Vapor- 🗆 Water-sampling Consulting Firm DBD WASHINGTON LLC. Property Owner WASHINGTON DAIRY HOLDINGS LLC. Was a variance approved for this well/boring? Yes INO Well Street Address 5111 VAN BELLE RD City OUTLOOK If yes, what was the variance for? County YAKIMA Tax Parcel No. 221016-42004 Location (see instructions): WWM □ or EWM ■ WELL CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATION: I constructed and/or NW 1/4-1/4 SE 1/4, Section 16 Town 10N Range 22E accept responsibility for construction of this well, and its compliance with all Washington well construction standards. Materials used and the information Latitude (Example: 47.12345) reported are true to my best knowledge and belief. Longitude (Example: -120.12345) ■ Driller □ Trainee □ Engineer (WGS 84 Coordinate System) Name (Print Last, First Name) Rider, Daniel Borehole diameter <u>6</u> inches Casing diameter <u>2</u> inches Driller/Engineer/Trainee Signature Daniel Rider Static water level \_\_\_\_\_\_ ft below top of casing Date 12/28/2022 License No. 3223 Company Name Anderson Environmental Contracting LLC □ Above-ground completion with bollards ■ Flush monument If trainee box is checked, sponsor's license number: Stick-up of top of well casing \_\_\_\_\_ ft above ground surface Start Date 12/28/2022 Completed Date \_\_\_\_\_ Sponsor's signature 12/28/2022 Construction/Design Well Data Formation Description Concrete Surface Seal 2 0-17 Depth FT. FT 2" x 12' DRY SILTY SAND Blank Casing (dia x dep) **PVC** Material Backfill FT Chips 17-25 Type FT WET SILTY SAND 6 FT Seal 14 Gravel Pack FT Material Sand Screen (dia x dep) 2" x 10' FT Slot Size .001 **PVC** Material 22 Well Depth FT 3' **Space Reserved** Backfill for Ecology Stamp CHIPS Material of Receipt Total Hole Depth 25 FT

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Case 1:19-cv-03110-TOF DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY State of Washington	R ECF No. 180-3	filed 06/09/23	PageID.2111 Page 21 of 27					
State of Washington Resource Protection W Submit one well report per well installed. S	ell Report See page two for instructions.	Notice of Intent 1	No. RE23927					
Type of Work:		Type of Well:	otection Well 🔲 Injection Point					
Construction		Remediation	Well Grounding Well					
□ Decommission ⇒ Original NOI			I Soil Boring 🔲 Ground Source Heat Pump					
Ecology Well ID Tag No. BPA-215		Environment						
Site Well Name MW-3			Vapor- 🗆 Water-sampling					
Consulting Firm DBD WASHINGTON			WASHINGTON DAIRY HOLDINGS LLC.					
Was a variance approved for this well/	_		ess 5111 VAN BELLE RD					
If yes, what was the variance for?			County YAKIMA					
		Tax Parcel No. 2	21016-42004					
WELL CONSTRUCTION CERTIFIC, accept responsibility for construction of this well Washington well construction standards. Materi reported are true to my best knowledge and belie	l, and its compliance with all als used and the information	Latitude (Exampl	_ ¼, Section <u>16</u> Town <u>10N</u> Range <u>22E</u> e: 47.12345)					
■ Driller □ Trainee □ Engineer		Longitude (Exam	ple: -120.12345)					
Name (Print Last, First Name) Rider, D	aniel		(WGS 84 Coordinate System)					
Driller/Engineer/Trainee Signature       Daniel Rider         License No.       3223         Company Name       Anderson Environmental Contracting LLC         f trainee box is checked, sponsor's license number:		Borehole diamete	r <u>6</u> inches Casing diameter <u>2</u> inch					
		Static water level <u>17</u> ft below top of casing Date <u>12/28/2022</u> Above-ground completion with bollards IF Flush monument Stick-up of top of well casing <u>12/28/2022</u> ft above ground surface						
					Start Date 12/2	8/2022 Completed Date 12/28/2022		
					Construction/Design	Well D	ata	Formation Description
						Concrete Surface Seal	2	0-17
			Depth Blank Casing (dia x dep)	FI	0-17 DRY SILTY SAND			
	Material							
	Backfill	FT						
	Туре	Chips	17-25 FT					
	Seal	6 FT	WET SILTY SAND					
	Gravel Pack	14 <sub>FT</sub>						
	Material	Sand						
17.745	Screen (dia x dep)	2" x 10'	FT					
	Slot Size							
	Material							
	Well Depth							
	Backfill		Space Reserved					
S. T. Part Bar		CHIPS	for Ecology Stamp					
	Total Hole Depth		of Receipt					

ECY050-12 (07/2018) To request ADA accommodation including materials in a format for the visually impaired, call Ecology Water Resources Program 360-407-6872. Persons with impaired hearing may call Washington Relay Service at 711. Persons with speech disability may call TTY at 877-833-6341.



3

ECY050-12 (07/2018) To request ADA accommodation including materials in a format for the visually impaired, call Ecology Water Resources Program 360-407-6872. Persons with impaired hearing may call Washington Relay Service at 711. Persons with speech disability may call TTY at 877-833-6341,

Case 1:19-cy-03110-TOR ECOLOGY State of Washington	ECF No. 180-3	filed 06/09/23	PageID.2113 Page 23 of 27
Resource Protection We         Submit one well report per well installed. S         Type of Work:         □ Construction         □ Decommission ⇒ Original NOI I         Ecology Well ID Tag No. BPA-217         Site Well Name         MW-5         Consulting Firm         DBD WASHINGTON L         Was a variance approved for this well/b         If yes, what was the variance for?	ee page two for instructions. No	Remediation Geotechnical Environment Soil- V Property Owner Well Street Addree	otection Well Injection Point Well Grounding Well Soil Boring Ground Source Heat Pump al Boring Other Vapor- I Water-sampling
WELL CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICA accept responsibility for construction of this well, Washington well construction standards. Materia reported are true to my best knowledge and belief Driller [] Trainee [] Engineer Name (Print Last, First Name) Rider, Da Driller/Engineer/Trainee Signature Dan License No. 3223 Company Name Anderson Environment	ATION: I constructed and/or and its compliance with all Is used and the information aniel wiel Riden al Contracting LLC	Tax Parcel No. 22 Location (see inst <u>NW</u> ¼-¼ <u>SW</u> Latitude (Example Longitude (Examp Borehole diameter Static water level	21021-31002WWM $\square$ or EWM $\blacksquare$ r EWM $\blacksquare$ or EWM $\blacksquare$ 14, Section <u>16</u> Town <u>10N</u> Range <u>22E</u> 14, Section <u>16</u> Town <u>10N</u> Range <u>22E</u> 10, 12345)10, 12345)11, 12345)11, 12345)12, 12345)11, 12345)12, 12345)12, 12345)12, 12345)13, 12345)14, 12345)15, 12345)16, 12345)17, 12345)18, 12345)19, 12, 12345)19, 12, 1234519, 12, 1234511, 1234511, 1234511, 1234512, 1234512, 1234512, 1234513, 1234514, 12345<
If trainee box is checked, sponsor's licen Sponsor's signature Construction/Design		Start Date 12/28	p of well casing ft above ground surface 3/2022 Completed Date12/28/2022
	Concrete Surface Seal Depth Blank Casing (dia x dep) Material Backfill	2       FT         2" x 6'       FT         PVC       FT         Chips       FT         12       FT         Sand       2" x 10'         .001       PVC	0-9       FT         SILTY SAND       FT         9-20       FT         WET SILTY SAND       FT
	Backfill	4'	Space Reserved
	Material Total Hole Depth	CHIPS 20 <sub>FT</sub>	for Ecology Stamp of Receipt

<b>Resource Protection Well Report</b> Submit one well report per well installed. See page two for instru- Type of Work:		
Construction     Decommission	Image: Second constraints         Image: Second constraints	rotection Well Injection Point n Well Grounding Well al Soil Boring Ground Source Heat Pump ntal Boring Other Vapor- UWater-sampling SMD LLC. ress 211 NICHOLS RD County YAKIMA
WELL CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATION: I constructed a accept responsibility for construction of this well, and its compliance with Washington well construction standards. Materials used and the informatic reported are true to my best knowledge and belief.  Driller  Trainee Engineer Name (Print Last, First Name) Rider, Daniel Driller/Engineer/Trainee Signature Daniel Rider License No. 3223 Company Name Anderson Environmental Contracting LLC If trainee box is checked, sponsor's license number:	and/or <u>SW</u> ¼-¼ <u>SW</u> all Latitude (Examp Longitude (Examp Borehole diamet Static water leve	structions): WWM $\square$ or EWM $\frac{1}{4}$ , Section <u>16</u> Town <u>10N</u> Range <u>22E</u> ble: 47.12345) nple: -120.12345) (WGS 84 Coordinate System) er <u>6</u> inches Casing diameter <u>2</u> inches $1 \underline{9}$ ft below top of casing Date <u>12/28/202</u> d completion with bollards <b>I</b> Flush monumer top of well casing ft above ground surface
Sponsor's signature	Start Date12/2	28/2022 Completed Date 12/28/2022
	Vell Data	Formation Description
Blank Casing (dia		0-9 SILTY SAND
	Type Chips	9-20 FT
	Seal 2 FT	WET SILTY SAND
	I Pack 12 FT	-
AND PART TRACES	aterial Sand	-
	x dep) 2" x 10'	
	ot Size .001	FT
Real Property in the second se		4
Slo	PVC	
Slo Ma	aterial PVC	-
Slo Ma	aterial PVC Depth 16 FT	-
Slo Ma Well t		Space Reserved
Slo Ma Well t B	Depth 16 FT	Space Reserved for Ecology Stamp

Case 1:19-cv-03110-TOR DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY State of Washington	ECF No. 180-3	filed 06/09/2	3 PageID.2115 Page 25 of 27	
Resource Protection We         Submit one well report per well installed. S         Type of Work:	No LCYes INO	Type of Well: Resource Remediati Geotechni Environm Soil- Property Owne Well Street Ad City OUTLOO	Protection Well Injection Point on Well Grounding Well cal Soil Boring Ground Source Heat Pump ental Boring Other Vapor- Water-sampling or WASHINGTON DAIRY HOLDINGS LLC. dress 1270 OUTLOOK RD K County YAKIMA 221028-22001	_
WELL CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICA accept responsibility for construction of this well, Washington well construction standards. Materia reported are true to my best knowledge and belief Driller 🗆 Trainee 🗆 Engineer Name (Print Last, First Name) Rider, Da Driller/Engineer/Trainee Signature Dan License No. 3223 Company Name Anderson Environment	and its compliance with all its used and the information aniel wiel Riden al Contracting LLC	Location (see i <u>NW</u> ¼-¼ <u>N</u> Latitude (Exan Longitude (Exa Borehole diama Static water lev	www $\Box$ or EWMw½, Section16Town10NRange22Euple: 47.12345)umple: -120.12345)(WGS 84 Coordinate System)eter6inchesCasing diameter2inchesCasing diameter2inchesrel7ft below top of casingDate12/28/202ud completion with bollardsIn Flush monumer	es 22 nt
If trainee box is checked, sponsor's lice Sponsor's signature	nse number:		f top of well casing ft above ground surface 2/28/2022 Completed Date12/28/2022	ce
Construction/Design	Well Da	ata	Formation Description	
	Concrete Surface Seal Depth Blank Casing (dia x dep) Material Backfill	2" x 5' PVC	O-7 SILTY SAND	
		Chips	7-20 FT	
	Seal	1 <sub>FT</sub>	WET SILTY SAND	
	Gravel Pack		-	
	Material			
	Screen (dia x dep)		FT	
	Slot Size			
	Material		_	
	Well Depth	15 FT		
and the second s	Backfill	5'	Space Reserved	
A ANT ANT		CHIPS	for Ecology Stamp	
	Total Hole Depth		of Receipt	

Case 1:19-cy-03110-TO ECOLOGY State of Washington	R ECF No. 180-3	filed 06/09/23	PageID.2116 Page 26 of 2	7
Resource Protection V         Submit one well report per well installed.         Type of Work:         □ Construction         □ Decommission ⇒ Original NO         Ecology Well ID Tag No.         BPA-220         Site Well Name         MW-8         Consulting Firm         DBD WASHINGTON         Was a variance approved for this well         If yes, what was the variance for?	See page two for instructions.	Environmen     Soil-     Property Owner     Well Street Addr     City OUTLOOK     Tax Parcel No. 2     Location (see ins <u>NE</u> ¼-¼ <u>NW</u> Latitude (Exampl     Longitude (Exampl     Static water level     M Above-ground	Detection Well Injection Point Well Grounding Well I Soil Boring Ground Source Heat Putal Boring Other Vapor- UWater-sampling WASHINGTON DAIRY HOLDINGS LLC. ess 1270 OUTLOOK RD County YAKIMA 21028-22001	VM 22E nches /2022 ment
Sponsor's signature			B/2022 Completed Date 12/28/2022	
Construction/Design	Well D	ata	Formation Description	
	Concrete Surface Seal Depth Blank Casing (dia x dep) Material Backfill		0-7 SILTY SAND	r
	Туре	Chips	7-20F	r
	Gravel Pack	12 <sub>FT</sub>	WET SILTY SAND	
	Material			
	Screen (dia x dep)	2" x 10'	FT	.
	Slot Size	.001		
		PVC		
	Well Depth	15 <sub>FT</sub>	÷	
	Backfill		Space Reserved	
144 A		CHIPS	for Ecology Stamp	,
	Total Hole Depth		of Receipt	
	i otarriole Deptit	FL		

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ECY050-12 (07/2018) To request ADA accommodation including materials in a format for the visually impaired, call Ecology Water Resources Program 360-407-6872. Persons with impaired hearing may call Washington Relay Service at 711. Persons with speech disability may call TTY at 877-833-6341.

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### RESOURCE PROTECTION WELL CONSTRUCTION PROCESS

After a well is constructed, modified or decommissioned, a well report must be filed within 30 days to the Department of Ecology. Well reports are completed by the person who constructed the well. This is typically a Washington State licensed well operator.

This well report form is used for resource protection wells and borings as indicated on the *Type of Well* section on page 1. Ecology also offers a web-based well reporting option for environmental investigation and geotechnical soil borings. Visit our website to learn more about the <u>Well Report Gateway</u>.

Below are the instructions for filling out this well report. After the form has been printed and filled out, it should be mailed to the Department of Ecology regional office responsible for the area the well work was conducted.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

**Type of Work: Construction/Decommission** – This form is used for BOTH construction and decommissioning of a well. Please check the appropriate box. For decommissioning – enter the original construction Notice of Intent No. here (if available).

**Ecology Well ID Tag No.** – The number issued by the Department of Ecology that is stamped on a metal tag that is attached to the actual well. (e.g., AAA-000)

Site Well Name (if more than one well): If there is more than one well on the site, you may identify each well with a site well name or number and place it in this space. This is different from the Ecology Well ID Tag Number.

**Consulting Firm** – Which consulting firm managed the project?

Was a variance approved? -A variance request is submitted to a regional well coordinator if the regulations cannot be met. Explain the request here.

Well Construction Certification – Read the statements; enter the Driller and Drilling Company information; sign and date in the blanks provided.

**Notice of Intent No.** – The number issued by the Department of Ecology for tracking purposes (e.g., RE12345). Should start with an R, G, S, E or A for this form.

**Type of Well** – Check the appropriate box. An example of an *Other* well is a vibrating wire piezometer or instrumentation well. You can check more than one environmental boring type.

**Property Owner Name** – The person or business that owns the property.

Well Street Address – The physical address where the well is located. (Note: NOT the mailing address.) City – City where the well is located.

**County** – County where the well is located.

**Tax Parcel No.** – County tax parcel number - enter *ROW* for right-of-way.

Location – The quarter-quarter, quarter, section, township and range (TRS) of the well. For example: the SE <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of the NE <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>, S10, T20N, R05 – check box for East or West of the Willamette Meridian [*EWM/WWM*] for range. The web-based State Well Report Viewer in *map view* is one of the best places to determine well location using the TRS system.

Latitude/Longitude – Using a GPS or web-derived (Google Maps, Bing Maps, etc.) coordinates, enter the latitude and longitude of the well. Use the WGS84 coordinate system.

Borehole Diameter - The size of the bit used while drilling, in inches.

**Casing Diameter** – The nominal size of the installed casing, in inches.

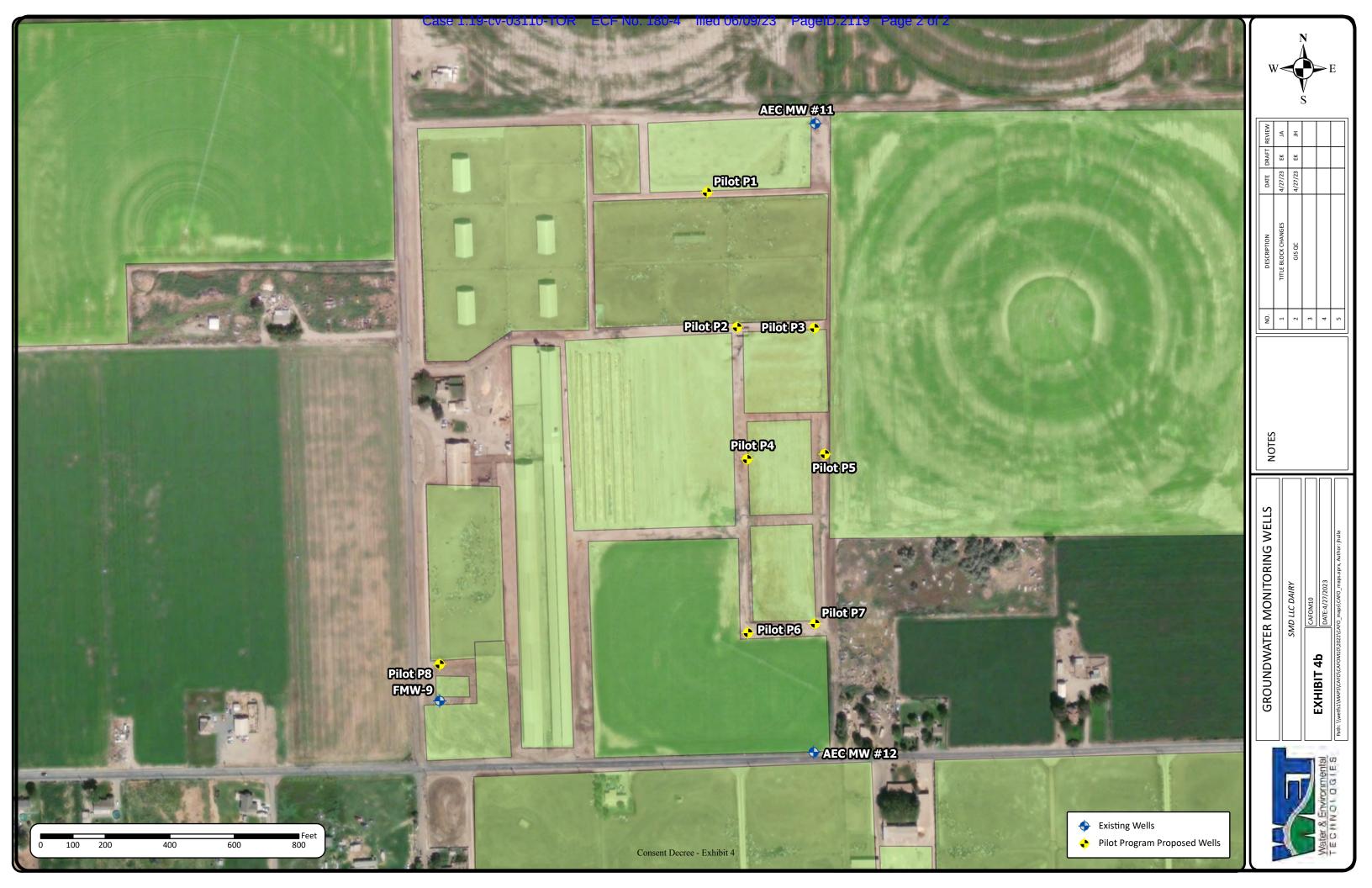
**Static water level** – The depth in feet to water surface inside the well or boring, preferably to the hundredth (ie. 6.78 ft). A *static* water level implies the measurement is not disturbed by pumping or drilling. Include the date the measurement was taken.

**Casing Stick-up** – Indicate the distance in feet the casing rises above ground surface, preferably to the hundredth (ie. 2.34 ft).

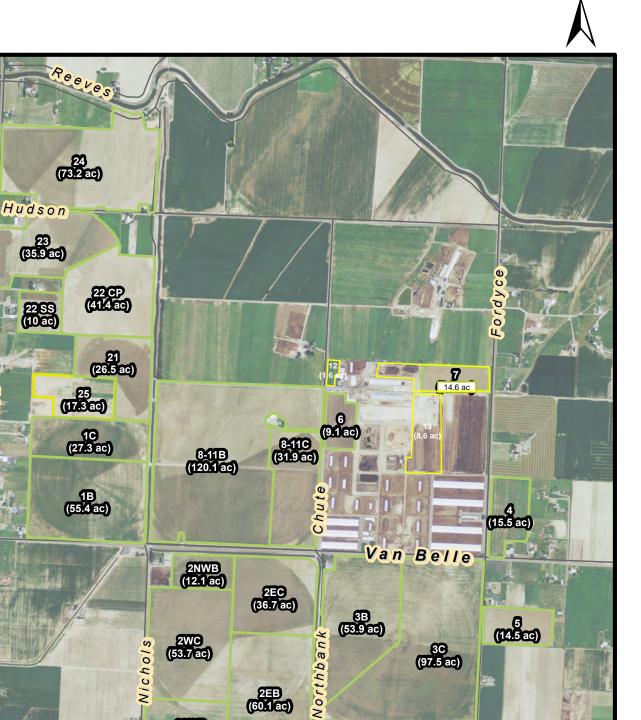
**Construction Design** – Draw a schematic of the well construction design.

Well Data – Explain the materials used and installation depths from the Construction Design section. Driller's Log – Describe the thickness and composition of geologic materials, water bearing strata, or other details noted while drilling. Also, decommissioning procedures and additional location information can be written here.





# **DeRuyter Brothers**

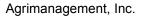


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2EB (60.1 ac)

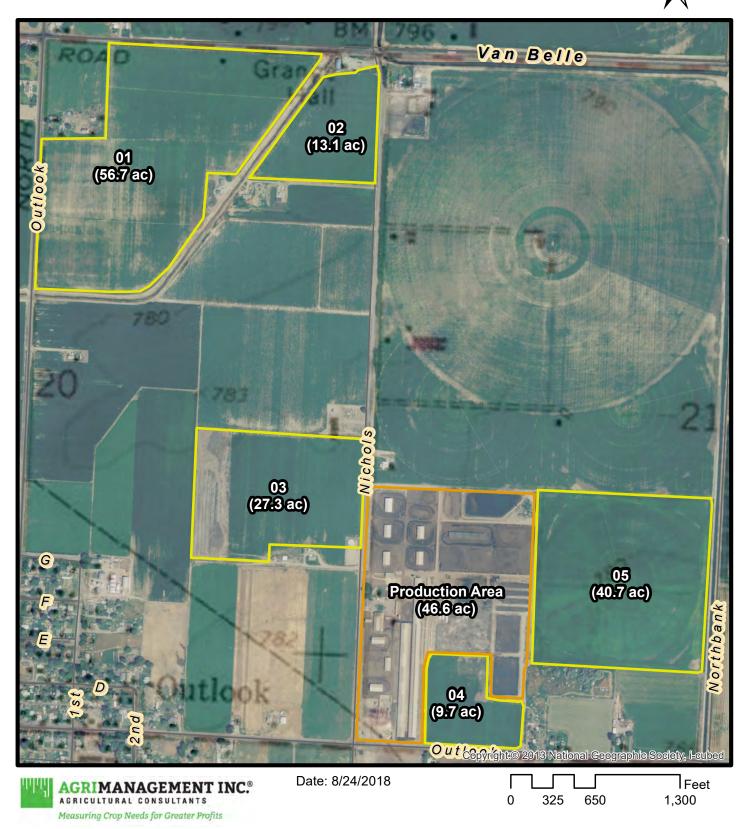
2SWB (26 ac)

**1**Feet

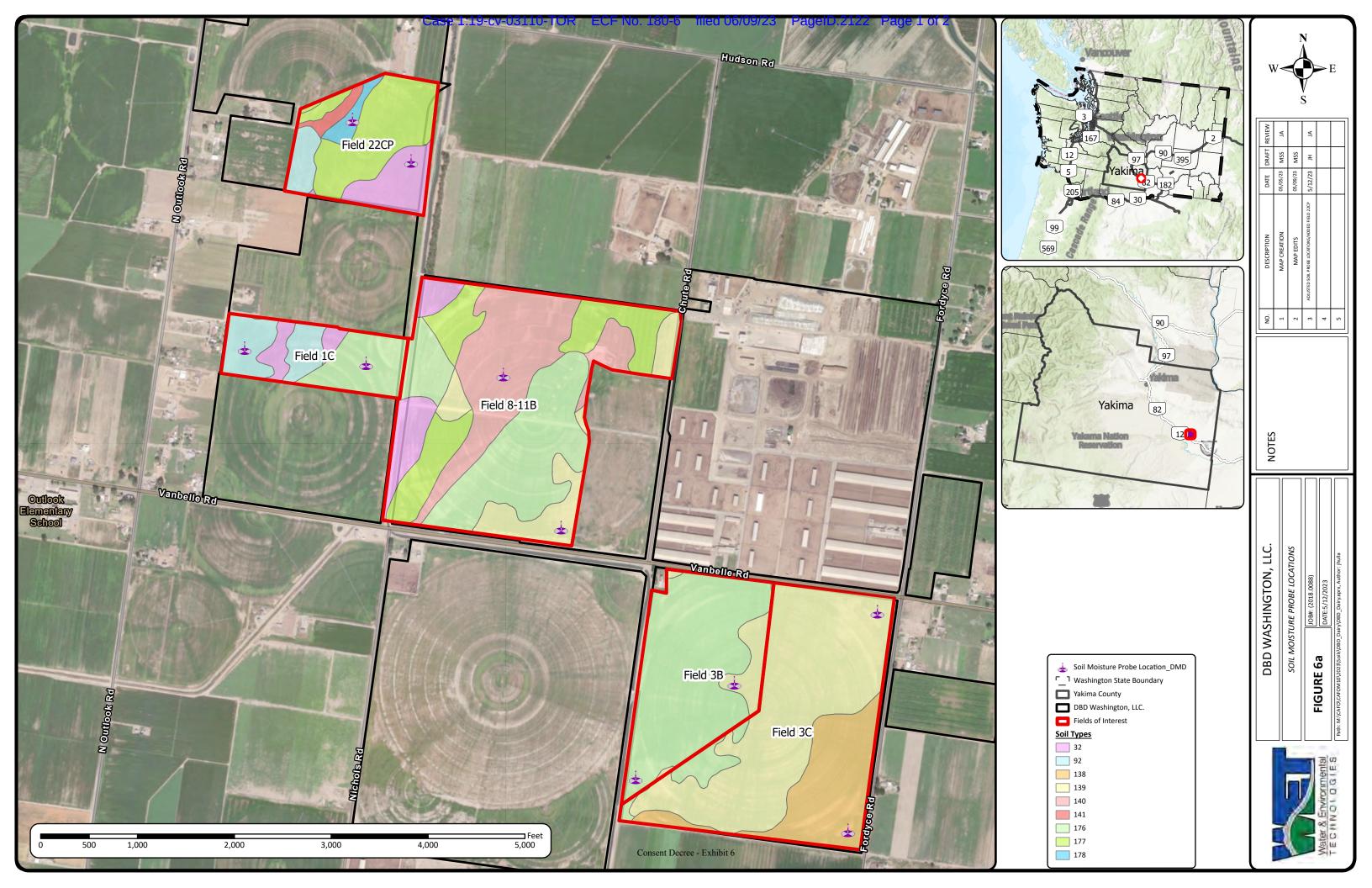
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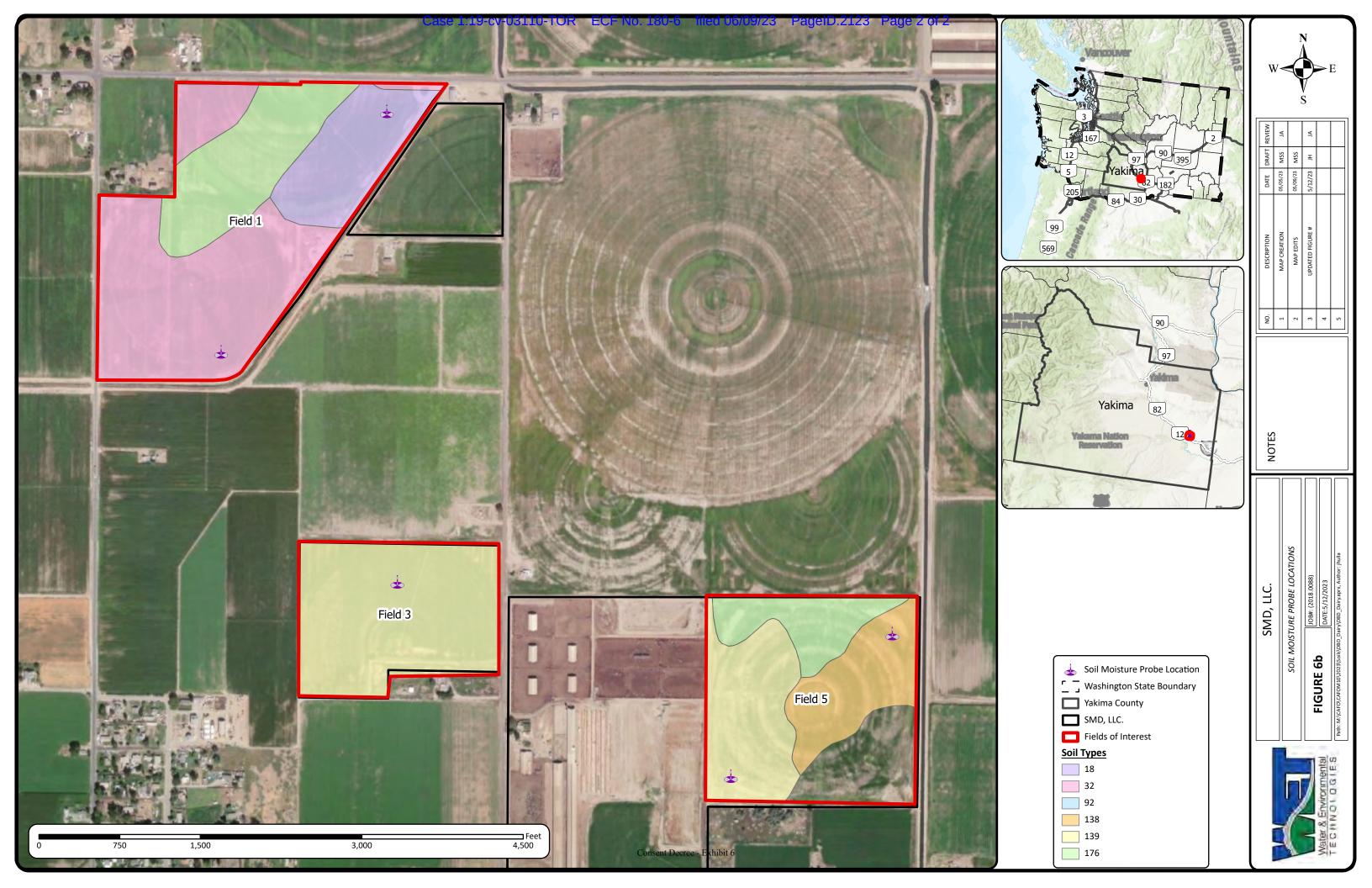
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## SMD, LLC Application Fields



Ν

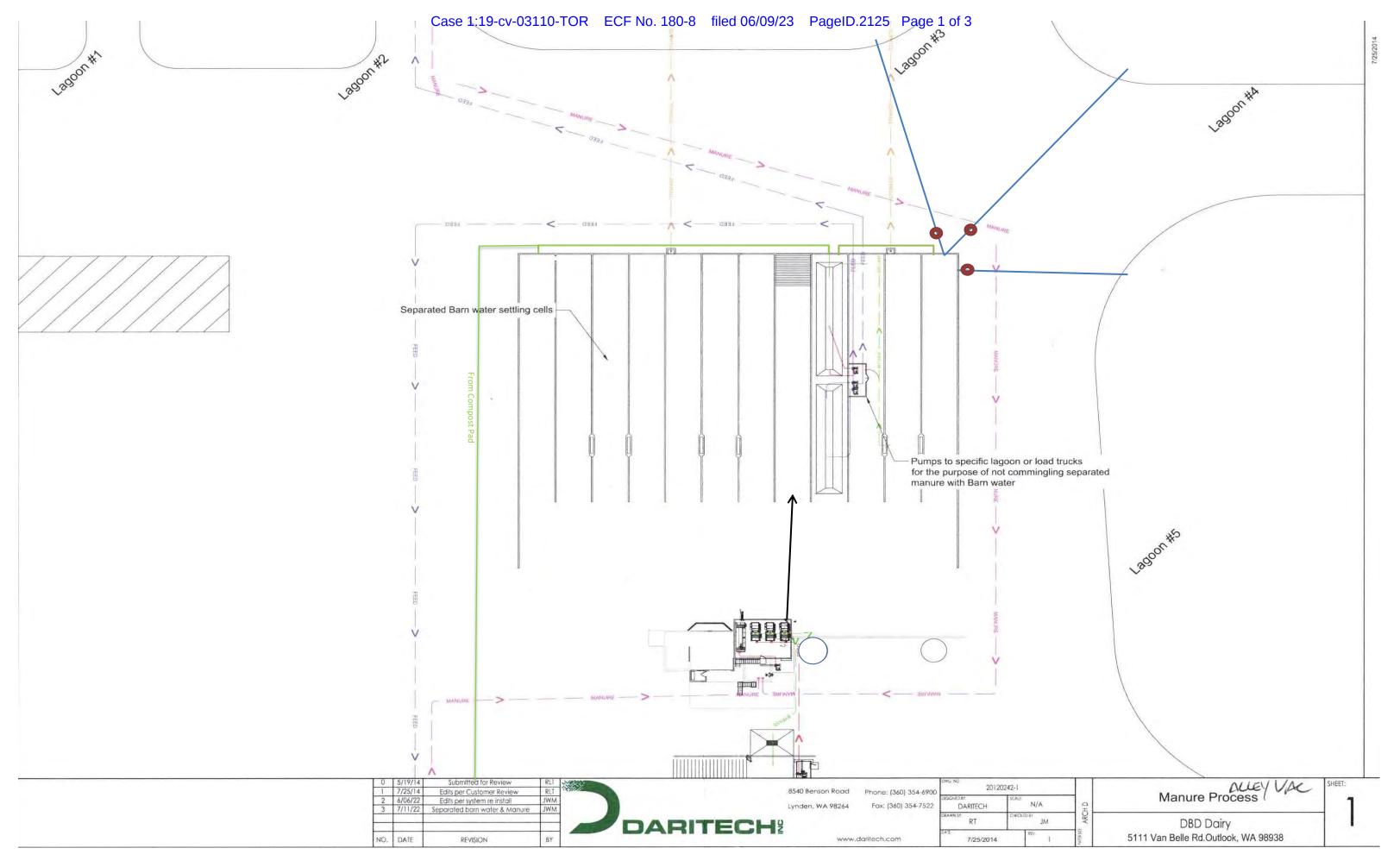


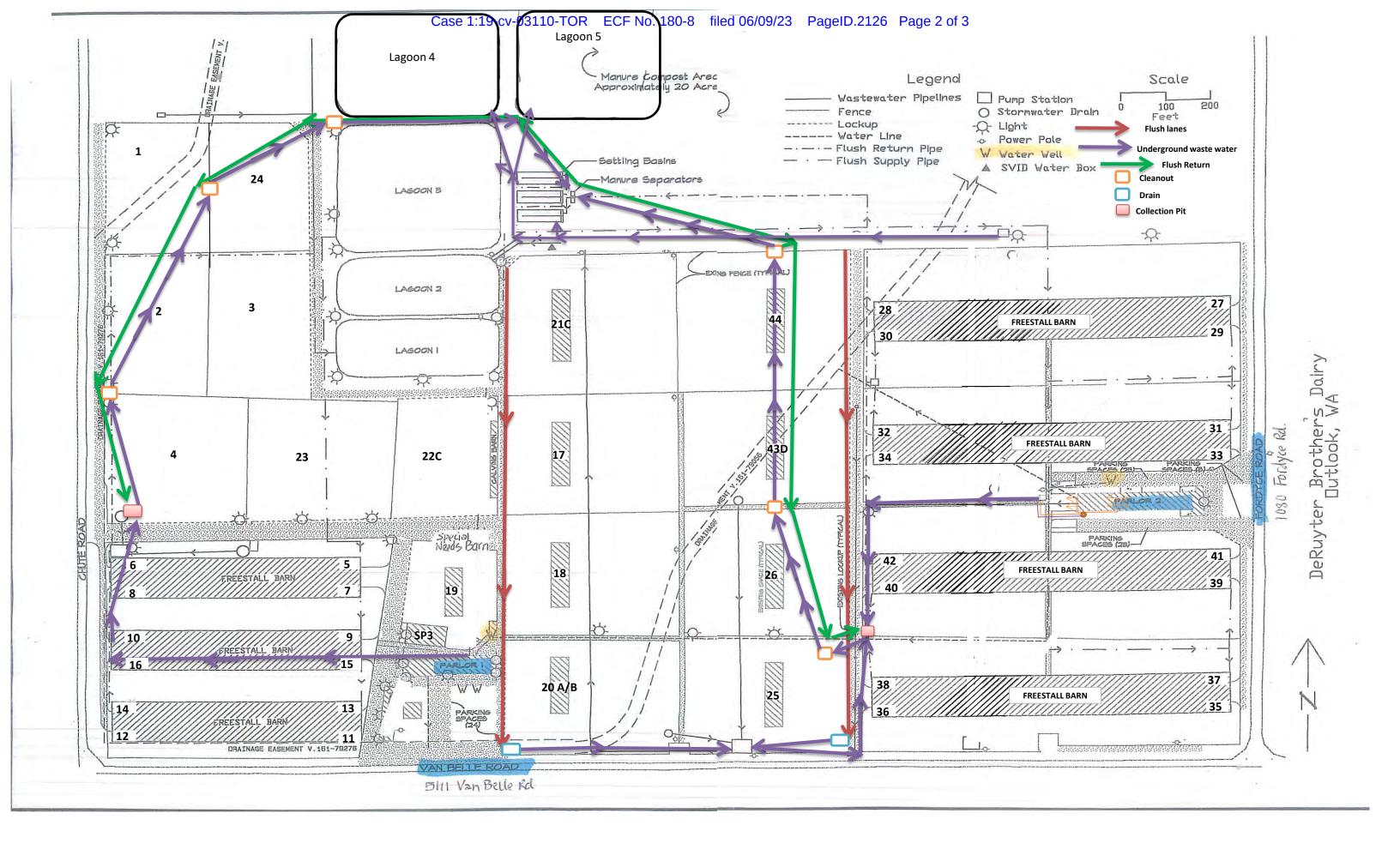


### Exhibit 7

### **Manure Management Records**

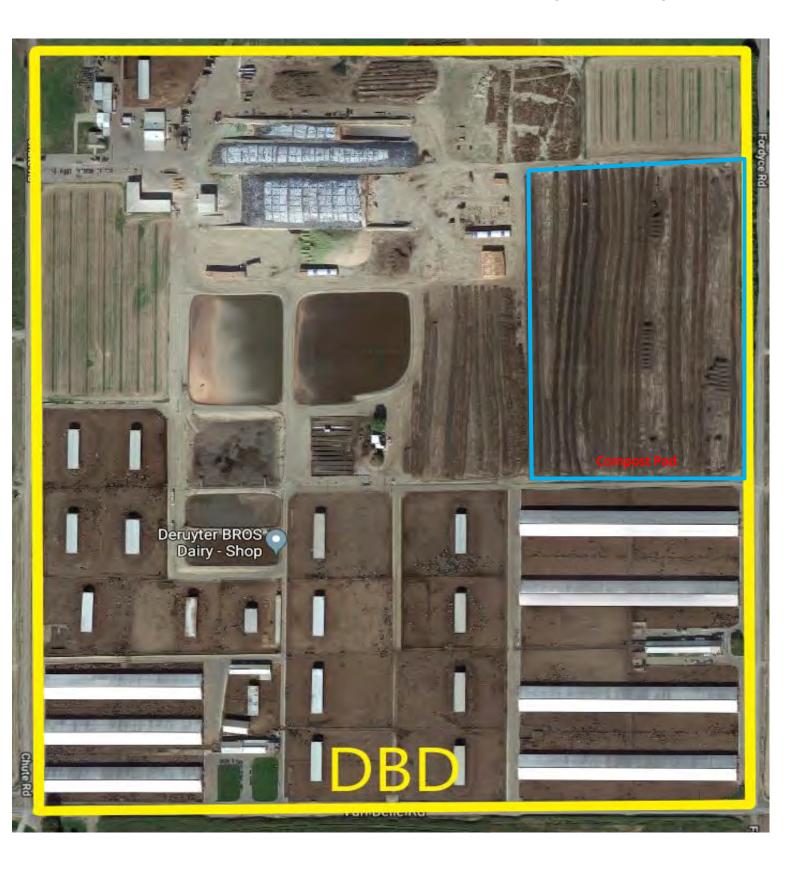
- Manure application records (volume, date, source)
- Manure export records (volume/weight, date, type, location)
  - Liquid exports (volume, date, type, location)
  - Solid exports for manure and compost (weight, date, type, location)
- Manure source reports (measured nutrient concentrations, nutrient availability in manure)
- Soil nutrient testing records
- Results of crop tissue testing used for nutrient budgeting
- Assumptions used in calculating agronomic rates
- Nutrient budgets for each application field
- Phosphorus levels in the feed ration for the milking cows
- Updates to the Dairies' Nutrient Management Plan(s) (if applicable)
- Copy of Dairies' CAFO permit annual report(s)
- Updates to the Dairies' Manure Pollution Prevention Plan(s) (if applicable)

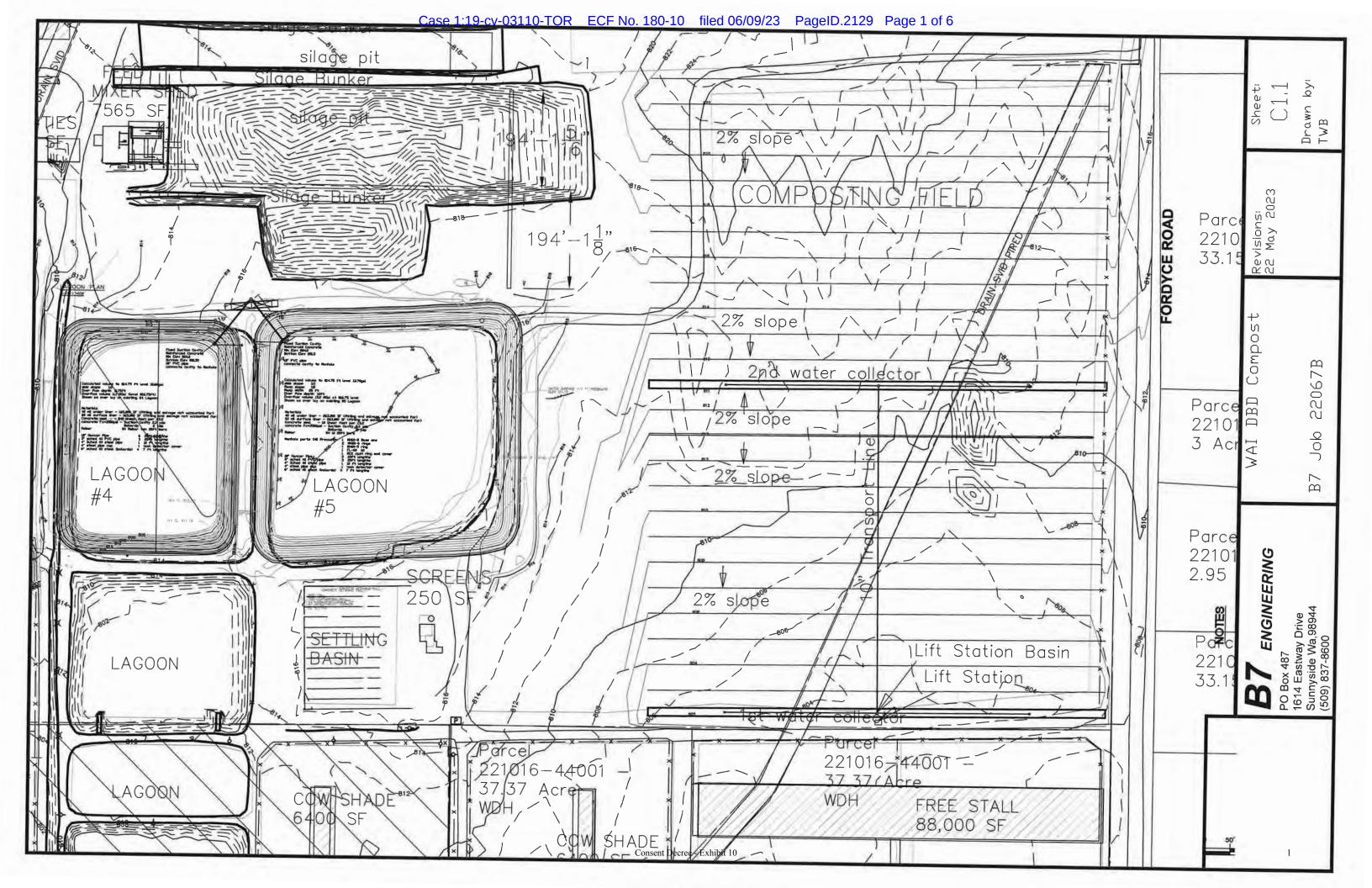


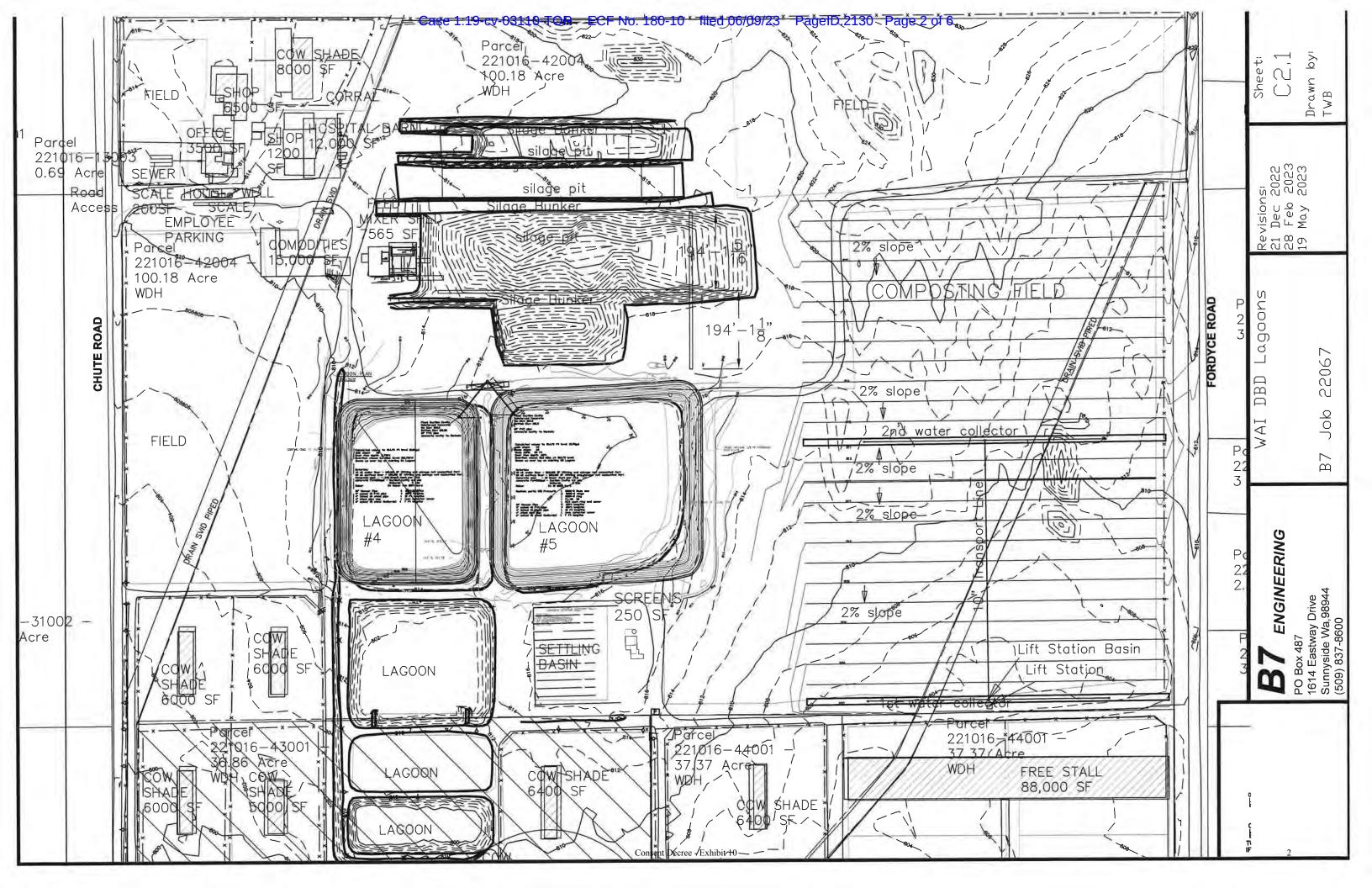


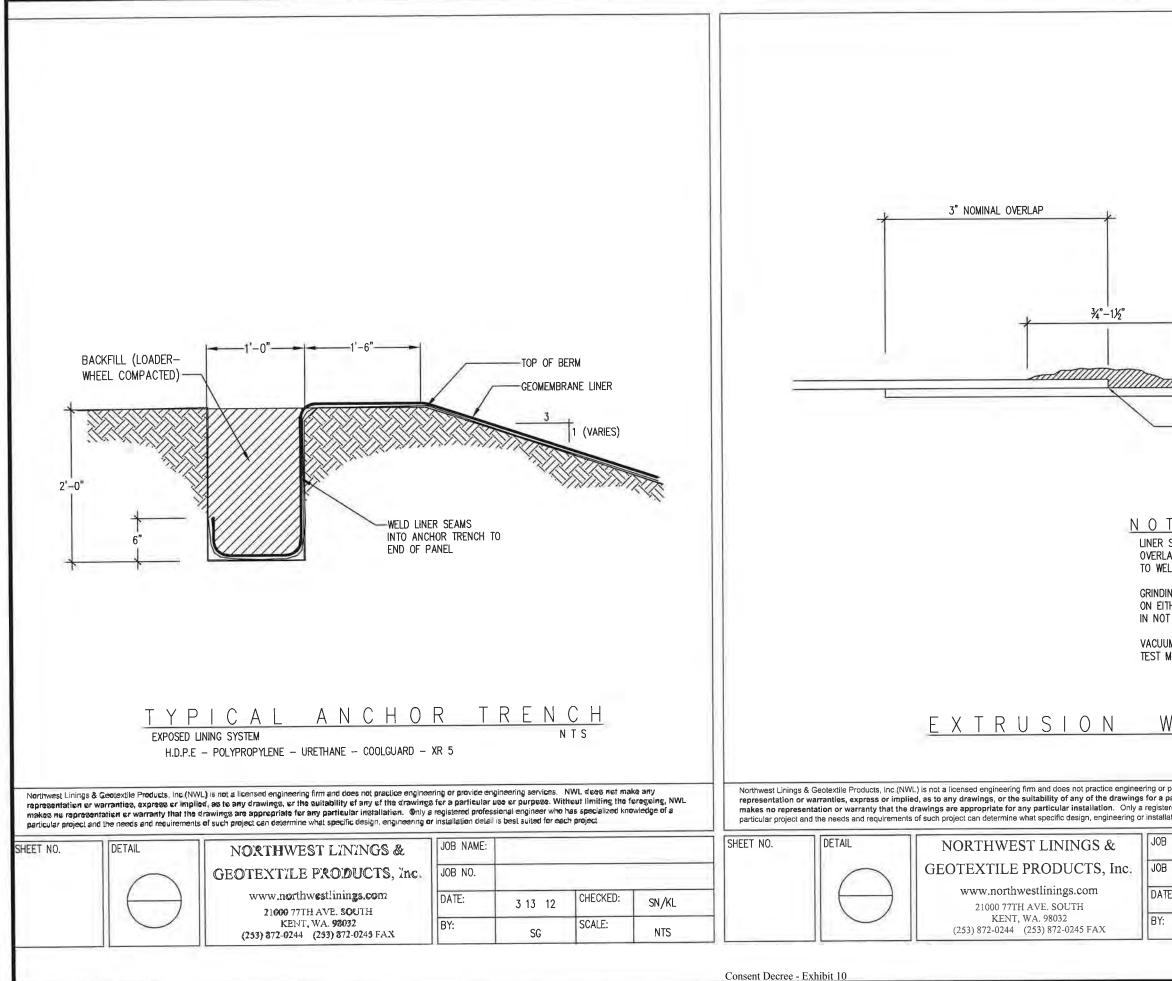
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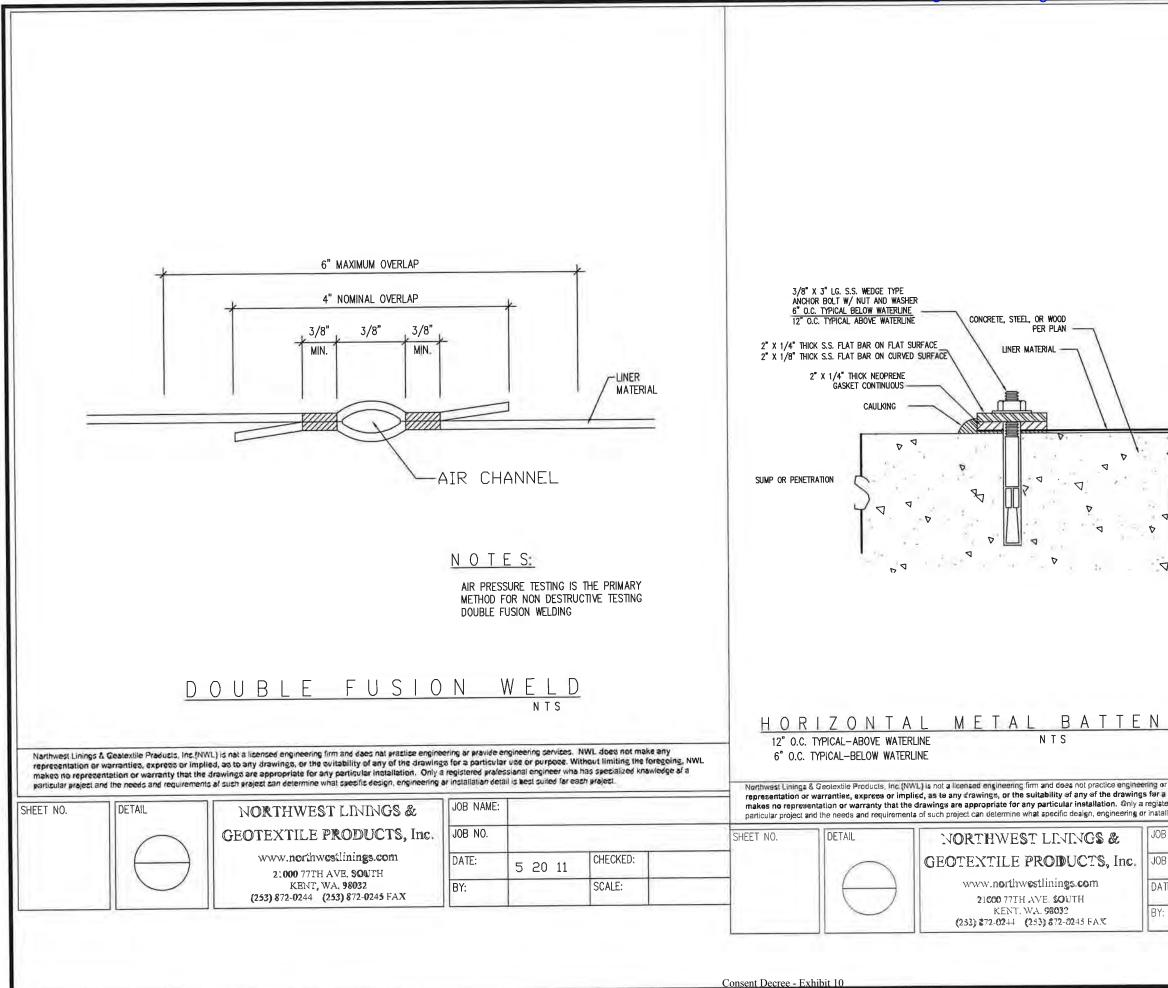


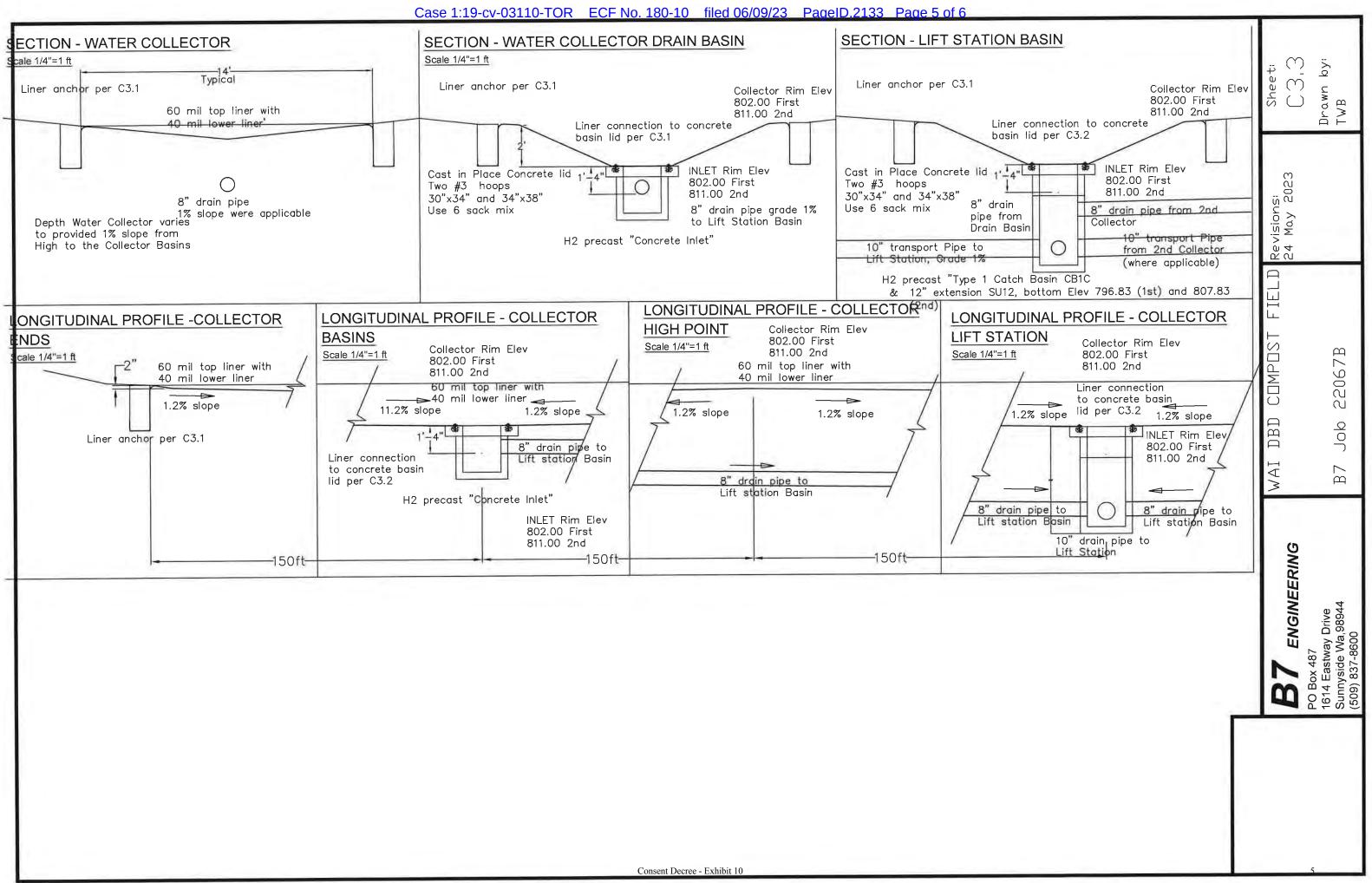


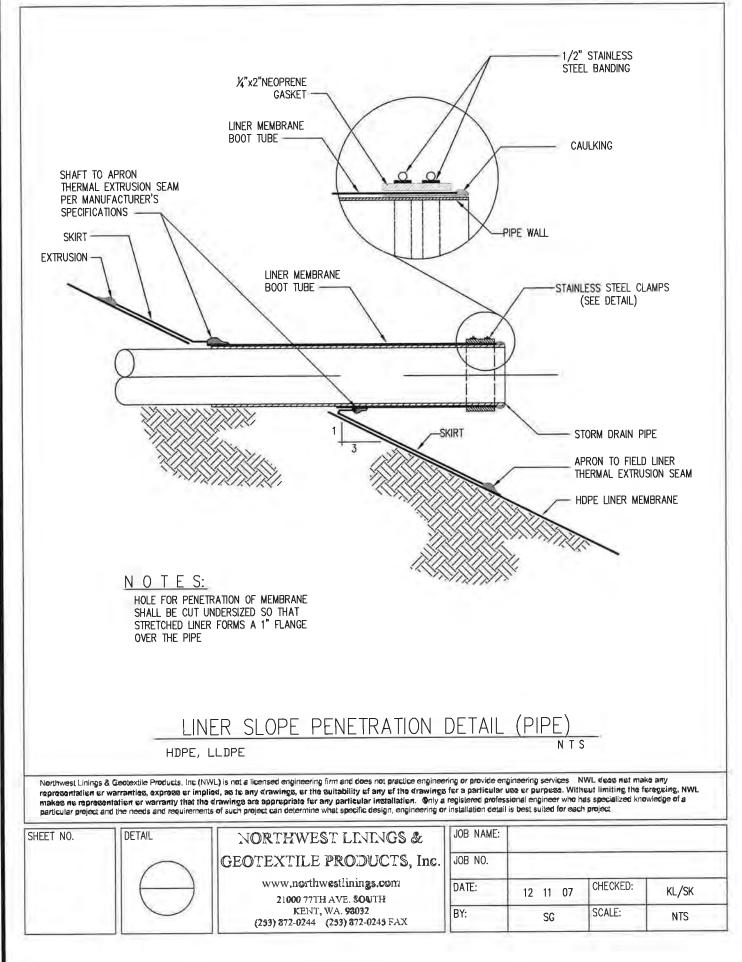












27	WAI DBD #5 Lagoon	Revisions:	Sheet
D / ENGINEERING		21 Dec 2022 19 Mov 2022	C.W.4
PO Box 487		IT MUY CUCD	)
1614 Eastway Drive			Drawn by:
Sunnyside Wa,98944 (500) 837 8600	B7 Jok 22067		TWB